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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

| Trade name | : | Shell Tellus S2 M 46 |
|--------------|---|----------------------|
| Product code | : | 001D7744 |

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

| Use of the Substance/Mixture | : | Hydraulic oil |
|---------------------------------|---|--|
| Uses advised against | • | This product must not be used in applications other than those listed in Section 1 without first seeking the advice of the supplier. |

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

| Manufacturer/Supplier | : Shell UK Oil Products Limited Shell Centre London SE1 7NA United Kingdom |
|--|---|
| Telephone Telefax Email Contact for Safety Data Sheet | : (+44) 08007318888 : : If you have any enquiries about the content of this SDS please email lubricantSDS@shell.com |

1.4 Emergency telephone number

: +44-(0) 151-350-4595

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

| Hazard pictograms | : No Hazard Symb | ol required |
|-------------------|------------------|--|
| Signal word | : No signal word | |
| Hazard statements | : | PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard |

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|--------------------------|------------------------------------|--|---|
| | | according to CLP criteria HEALTH HAZARDS: Not classified as a health criteria. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZ Not classified as environ according to CLP criteria | h hazard under CLP ARDS: Imental hazard |
| Precautionary statements | : Prevention: | N | |
| | Response: Storage: Disposal: | No precautionary phrase | |
| | | No precautionary phrase | es. |
| | | No precautionary phrase | es. |
| | Disposal. | No precautionary phrase | es. |

2.3 Other hazards

This mixture does not contain any REACH registered substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Used oil may contain harmful impurities.

High-pressure injection under the skin may cause serious damage including local necrosis. Not classified as flammable but will burn.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

| Chemical nature | : Highly refined mineral oils and additives. The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSO- extract, according to IP346. |
|-----------------|--|
| | * contains one or more of the following CAS-numbers (REACH registration numbers): 64742-53-6 (01-2119480375- 34), 64742-54-7 (01-2119484627-25), 64742-55-8 (01- 2119487077-29), 64742-56-9 (01-2119480132-48), 64742-65- 0 (01-2119471299-27), 68037-01-4 (01-2119486452-34), 72623-86-0 (01-2119474878-16), 72623-87-1 (01- 2119474889-13), 8042-47-5 (01-2119487078-27), 848301-69- 9 (01-0000020163-82). |

Hazardous components

| Chemical Name | CAS-No. | Classification | Concentration |
|---------------------|--------------|------------------|---------------|
| | EC-No. | (REGULATION | [%] |
| | Registration | (EC) No | |
| | number | 1272/2008) | |
| Interchangeable low | | Asp. Tox.1; H304 | 0 - 90 |

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| viscosity base oil (<20,5 cSt @40°C) * | | |
| For explanation of abbrevia | tions see section 16. | |

SECTION 4: First aid measures

| 4.1 Description of first aid measu | ure | S | |
|--|------|---|--|
| General advice | : | Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal conditions. | |
| Protection of first-aiders | : | When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the appropriate personal protective equipment according to the incident, injury and surroundings. | |
| If inhaled | : | No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice. | |
| In case of skin contact | : | Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with water and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention. | |
| | | When using high pressure equipment, injection of product under the skin can occur. If high pressure injuries occur, the casualty should be sent immediately to a hospital. Do not wait for symptoms to develop. Obtain medical attention even in the absence of apparent wounds. | |
| In case of eye contact | : | Flush eye with copious quantities of water. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention. | |
| If swallowed | : | In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are swallowed, however, get medical advice. | |
| 4.2 Most important symptoms ar | nd e | effects, both acute and delayed | |
| Symptoms | : | Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptoms may include formation of black pustules and spots on the skin of exposed areas. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea. | |
| | | Local necrosis is evidenced by delayed onset of pain and tissue damage a few hours following injection. | |
| 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed | | | |
| Treatment | : | Notes to doctor/physician: Treat symptomatically. | |
| | | High pressure injection injuries require prompt surgical intervention an d possibly steroid therapy, to minimise tissue damage and loss of function. | |
| 3 / 19 | | 800001005120 | |

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|-------------|---|--|
| | Because entry wounds are small an seriousness of the underlying dama determine the extent of involvement anaesthetics or hot soaks should be can contribute to swelling, vasospar surgical decompression, debridement foreign material should be performent anaesthetics, and wide exploration | age, surgical exploration to t may be necessary. Local e avoided because they sm and ischaemia. Prompt ent and evacuation of ed under general |

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

| Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media 5.2 Special hazards arising from | : | Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only. Do not use water in a jet. |
|--|-----|---|
| 5.2 Opecial hazarus ansing nom | une | |
| Specific hazards during firefighting | : | Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds. |
| 5.3 Advice for firefighters | | |
| Special protective equipment for firefighters | : | Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469). |
| Specific extinguishing methods | : | Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. |

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

| Personal precautions | : 6.1.1 For non emergency personnel: Avoid contact with skin and eyes. |
|----------------------|---|
| | 6.1.2 For emergency responders: |
| | Avoid contact with skin and eyes. |

6.2 Environmental precautions

| Environmental precautions | : Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental |
|---------------------------|--|
|---------------------------|--|

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|-----------------------------------|--|---|
| | contamination. Prevent from spreading or ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or obarriers. | U |
| | Local authorities should be advised if sigr cannot be contained. | nificant spillages |
| 6.3 Methods and materials for con | tainment and cleaning up | |
| Methods for cleaning up | Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents Prevent from spreading by making a or other containment material. Reclaim liquid directly or in an absort Soak up residue with an absorbent s suitable material and dispose of prop | barrier with sand, earth bent. uch as clay, sand or other |

6.4 Reference to other sections

For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Chapter 8 of this Safety Data Sheet., For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Chapter 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

| General Precautions : | Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material. |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| 7.1 Precautions for safe handling | |
| Advice on safe handling : | Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning materials in order to prevent fires. |
| Product Transfer : | This material has the potential to be a static accumulator. Proper grounding and bonding procedures should be used during all bulk transfer operations. |
| 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, inc | luding any incompatibilities |
| Other data : | Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place. Use properly labeled and closable containers. |
| | Store at ambient temperature. |
| | Refer to section 15 for any additional specific legislation covering the packaging and storage of this product. |
| 5 / 40 | 000004005 |

| ••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••• | | |
|---|--|----------------------------|
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| | The storage of this product may be su Pollution (Oil Storage) (England) Reg guidance may be obtained from the lo agency office. | ulations. Further |
| Packaging material | : Suitable material: For containers or constant steel or high density polyethylene. Unsuitable material: PVC. | ontainer linings, use mild |
| Container Advice | : Polyethylene containers should not be temperatures because of possible risk | |
| 7.3 Specific end use(s) | | |
| Specific use(s) | : Not applicable | |

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

| Components | CAS-No. | Value type (Form of exposure) | Control parameters | Basis |
|-------------------|---------|-------------------------------|--------------------|--|
| Oil mist, mineral | | TWA | 5 mg/m3 | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values |

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

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8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measures The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include:

Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.

Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.

General Information:

Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls.

Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product.

Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation.

Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.

Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle.

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

Personal protective equipment

The provided information is made in consideration of the PPE directive (Council Directive 89/686/EEC) and the CEN European Committee for Standardisation (CEN) standards.

Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.

| Eye protection : | If material is handled such that it could be splashed into eyes, protective eyewear is recommended. Approved to EU Standard EN166. |
|------------------|--|
| Hand protection | |
| Remarks : | Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended. |
| _ | |

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| | breakthrough time of more than 240 for > 480 minutes where suitable gld short-term/splash protection we reco recognize that suitable gloves offeri may not be available and in this cas time maybe acceptable so long as a and replacement regimes are follow a good predictor of glove resistance dependent on the exact composition Glove thickness should be typically depending on the glove make and n | oves can be identified. For ommend the same, but ng this level of protection se a lower breakthrough appropriate maintenance ved. Glove thickness is not to a chemical as it is n of the glove material. greater than 0.35 mm |
| Skin and body protection | Skin protection is not ordinarily required work clothes. It is good practice to wear chemical | - |
| Respiratory protection | No respiratory protection is ordinaril conditions of use. In accordance with good industrial h precautions should be taken to avoi lf engineering controls do not mainta concentrations to a level which is ac health, select respiratory protection specific conditions of use and meeti Check with respiratory protective eq Where air-filtering respirators are su appropriate combination of mask an Select a filter suitable for combined and vapours [Type A/Type P boiling meeting EN14387 and EN143. | nygiene practices, id breathing of material. ain airborne dequate to protect worker equipment suitable for the ing relevant legislation. quipment suppliers. uitable, select an ind filter. particulate/organic gases |
| Thermal hazards | : Not applicable | |
| Hygiene measures | : Exposure to this product should be reasonably practicable. Reference s Health and Safety Executive's public Essentials". | should be made to the |
| Environmental exposure co | ontrols | |
| General advice | : Take appropriate measures to fulfill relevant environmental protection le contamination of the environment by Chapter 6. If necessary, prevent un being discharged to waste water. W treated in a municipal or industrial w before discharge to surface water. Local guidelines on emission limits f must be observed for the discharge | egislation. Avoid y following advice given in ndissolved material from /aste water should be vaste water treatment plant for volatile substances |

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vapour.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| Appearance | : Liquid at room temperature. |
|--|--|
| Colour | : amber |
| Odour | : Slight hydrocarbon |
| Odour Threshold | : Data not available |
| рН | : Not applicable |
| pour point | : -30 °CMethod: ISO 3016 |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range | : > 280 °Cestimated value(s) |
| Flash point | : 230 °C Method: ISO 2592 |
| Evaporation rate | : Data not available |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | : Data not available |
| Upper explosion limit | : Typical 10 %(V) |
| Lower explosion limit | : Typical 1 %(V) |
| Vapour pressure | : < 0.5 Pa (20 °C) estimated value(s) |
| Relative vapour density | : > 1estimated value(s) |
| Relative density | : 0.879 (15 °C) |
| Density | : 879 kg/m3 (15.0 °C) Method: ISO 12185 |
| Solubility(ies) | |
| Water solubility | : negligible |
| Solubility in other solvents | : Data not available |
| Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water | : Pow: > 6(based on information on similar products) |
| Auto-ignition temperature | : > 320 °C |

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|---------------------------|---|-----------------------|
| Viscosity | | |
| Viscosity, dynamic | : Data not available | |
| Viscosity, kinematic | : 6.7 mm2/s (100 °C) Method: ASTM D445 | |
| | 580 mm2/s (0 °C) Method: ASTM D445 | |
| | 46 mm2/s (40.0 °C) Method: ASTM D445 | |
| Explosive properties | : Not classified | |
| Oxidizing properties | : Data not available | |
| 9.2 Other information | | |
| Conductivity | : This material is not expected to be a sta | atic accumulator. |
| Decomposition temperature | : Data not available | |

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable.

No hazardous reaction is expected when handled and stored according to provisions

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

| Hazardous reactions | : | Reacts with strong oxidising agents. |
|----------------------------------|-----|--|
| 10.4 Conditions to avoid | | |
| Conditions to avoid | : | Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight. |
| 10.5 Incompatible materials | | |
| Materials to avoid | : | Strong oxidising agents. |
| 10.6 Hazardous decomposition p | roc | ducts |
| Hazardous decomposition products | : | Hazardous decomposition products are not expected to form during normal storage. |

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

| Basis for assessment | : | Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s). |
|--|---|---|
| Information on likely routes of exposure | : | Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion. |
| Acute toxicity | | |
| Product: | | |
| Acute oral toxicity | : | LD50 rat: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity: |
| Acute inhalation toxicity | : | Remarks: Not considered to be an inhalation hazard under normal conditions of use. |
| Acute dermal toxicity | : | LD50 Rabbit: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity: |

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Remarks: For respiratory and skin sensitisation:, Not expected to be a sensitiser.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

: Remarks: Not considered a mutagenic hazard.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

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Remarks: Not expected to be carcinogenic.

Remarks: Product contains mineral oils of types shown to be non-carcinogenic in animal skinpainting studies., Highly refined mineral oils are not classified as carcinogenic by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

| Material | GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification |
|----------------------------|--|
| Highly refined mineral oil | No carcinogenicity classification. |

Reproductive toxicity

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to impair fertility., Not expected to be a developmental toxicant.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Not considered an aspiration hazard.

Further information

Product:

Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: High pressure injection of product into the skin may lead to local necrosis if the product is not surgically removed.

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Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

Remarks: Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory frameworks may exist.

| Summary on evaluation of the Germ cell mutagenicity- Assessment | CMR properties This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B. | |
|--|---|--|
| Carcinogenicity - Assessment | : This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B. | |
| Reproductive toxicity - Assessment | : This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B. | |

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

| Basis for assessment | : | Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).(LL/EL/IL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract). |
|---|---|--|
| Toxicity to fish (Acute toxicity) | : | Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l |
| Toxicity to crustacean (Acute toxicity) | : | Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l |
| Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants (Acute toxicity) | : | Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l |
| Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity) | : | Remarks: Data not available |
| Toxicity to crustacean (Chronic toxicity) | : | Remarks: Data not available |
| Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity) | : | Remarks: Data not available |

| egradable., Major biodegradable, but ne environment. |
|---|
| biodegradable, but |
| biodegradable, but |
| biodegradable, but |
| |
| |
| |
| potential to |
| on similar products) |
| |
| |
| al conditions., If it nd will not be |
| |
| |
| l registered ⁻or a vPvB. |
| |
| |
| nents, which are not ficant quantities., ential, global warming al fouling of aquatic nronic effects to han 1 mg/l. |
| |

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

: Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment. Waste, spills or used product is dangerous waste.

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| Contaminated packaging | Disposal should be in accordance with national, and local laws and regulation Local regulations may be more stringenational requirements and must be constrained in accordance with prevailing to a recognized collector or contractor the collector or contractor should be endisposal should be in accordance with national, and local laws and regulation | ns. ent than regional or omplied with. g regulations, preferably r. The competence of established beforehand. h applicable regional, |
| Local legislation Waste catalogue | : EU Waste Disposal Code (EWC): | |
| Waste Code | : 13 01 10* | |
| Remarks | : Classification of waste is always the r user. | esponsibility of the end |

SECTION 14: Transport information

| 14.1 UN number | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|
| ADR | : | Not regulated as a dangerous good |
| RID | : | Not regulated as a dangerous good |
| IMDG | : | Not regulated as a dangerous good |
| ΙΑΤΑ | : | Not regulated as a dangerous good |
| 14.2 Proper shipping name | | |
| ADR | : | Not regulated as a dangerous good |
| RID | : | Not regulated as a dangerous good |
| IMDG | : | Not regulated as a dangerous good |
| ΙΑΤΑ | : | Not regulated as a dangerous good |
| 14.3 Transport hazard class | | |
| ADR | : | Not regulated as a dangerous good |
| RID | : | Not regulated as a dangerous good |
| IMDG | : | Not regulated as a dangerous good |
| ΙΑΤΑ | : | Not regulated as a dangerous good |
| 14.4 Packing group | | |
| ADR | : | Not regulated as a dangerous good |
| RID | : | Not regulated as a dangerous good |
| IMDG | : | Not regulated as a dangerous good |
| ΙΑΤΑ | : | Not regulated as a dangerous good |
| 14.5 Environmental hazards | | |
| ADR | : | Not regulated as a dangerous good |
| RID | : | Not regulated as a dangerous good |
| IMDG | : | Not regulated as a dangerous good |
| 14.6 Special precautions for user | | |

Specia p

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|---------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Remarks | for special precautions which a user | : Special Precautions: Refer to Chapter 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport. | |
| 14.7 Transport in bulk accordin | ng to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the | IBC Code | |
| Pollution category | : Not applicable | | |
| Ship type | : Not applicable | | |
| Product name | : Not applicable | | |
| Special precautions | : Not applicable | | |
| Additional Information | : MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bu | Ik shipments by sea. | |
| | | | |

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

| REACH - List of substances s (Annex XIV) | ubject to authorisation | : Product is not subject to Authorisation under REACH. | |
|---|--|---|--|
| Volatile organic compounds | : 0% | | |
| Other regulations | Safety at Work etc. Act Pollution Prevention and 1995. Factories Act 196 and Use of Transportab Regulations 2011. Cher Packaging for Supply) F Substances Hazardous amended). Merchant Sh | Environmental Protection Act 1990 (as amended). Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974. Consumers Protection Act 1987 Pollution Prevention and Control Act 1999. Environment Act 1995. Factories Act 1961. The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment (Amendment) Regulations 2011. Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009. Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (as amended). Merchant Shipping (Dangerous Goods and Marine Pollutants) Regulations 1997. Reporting of Injuries, Diseases | |

and Dangerous Occurrences Regulations 1995 (as amended). Personal Protective Equipment Regulations 2002. Personal Protective Equipment at Work Regulations 1992. Hazardous Waste (England and Wales) Regulations 2005(as amended). Control of Major Accident Hazards Regulations 1999 (as amended). Renewable Transport Fuel Obligations Order 2007 (as amended). Energy Act 2011. Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2010 (as amended). Waste (England and Wales) Regulations 2011 (as amended). Planning (Hazardous Substances) Act 1990 and associated regulations. The Environmental Protection (Controls on Ozone-Depleting Substances) Regulations 2011.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

| EINECS | : All components listed or polymer exempt. | |
|--------|--|--|
|--------|--|--|

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|-------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| TSCA | : All components listed. | |

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture by the supplier.

SECTION 16: Other information

,

Full text of H-Statements

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Full text of other abbreviations

| tion hazard The standard abbreviations and acronyms used in this document can be looked up in reference literature (e.g. scientific dictionaries) and/or websites. |
|---|
| ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists ADR = European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road AICS = Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances ASTM = American Society for Testing and Materials BEL = Biological exposure limits BTEX = Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, Xylenes CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service CEFIC = European Chemical Industry Council CLP = Classification Packaging and Labelling COC = Cleveland Open-Cup DIN = Deutsches Institut fur Normung DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level DSL = Canada Domestic Substance List EC = European Commission EC50 = Effective Concentration fifty ECETOC = European Chemicals Agency EINECS = The European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances EL50 = Effective Loading fifty ENCS = Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances Inventory EWC = European Waste Code GHS = Globally Harmonised System of Classification and |
| Labelling of Chemicals IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer IATA = International Air Transport Association IC50 = Inhibitory Concentration fifty |

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|---|--|---|
| | IL50 = Inhibitory Level fifty IMDG = International Maritime Dan INV = Chinese Chemicals Inventory IP346 = Institute of Petroleum test determination of polycyclic aromatik KECI = Korea Existing Chemicals I LC50 = Lethal Concentration fifty LD50 = Lethal Dose fifty per cent. LL/EL/IL = Lethal Loading/Effective LL50 = Lethal Loading fifty MARPOL = International Convention Pollution From Ships NOEC/NOEL = No Observed Effect Observed Effect Level OE_HPV = Occupational Exposure PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative PICCS = Philippine Inventory of Ch Substances PNEC = Predicted No Effect Conce REACH = Registration Evaluation A Chemicals RID = Regulations Relating to Inter Dangerous Goods by Rail SKIN_DES = Skin Designation STEL = Short term exposure limit TRA = Targeted Risk Assessment TSCA = US Toxic Substances Con TWA = Time-Weighted Average vPvB = very Persistent and very Bin | t method N° 346 for the cs DMSO-extractables nventory Loading/Inhibitory loading on for the Prevention of t Concentration / No - High Production Volume and Toxic emicals and Chemical entration And Authorisation Of national Carriage of |
| Further information Other information | : No Exposure Scenario annex is atta sheet as it is a non-classified mixtu substances. | |
| | Under Article 31 of REACH, a SDS product. Therefore, this SDS has b basis to pass on potentially relevan under Article 32. | een created on a voluntary |
| | A vertical bar () in the left margin ir from the previous version. | ndicates an amendment |

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

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Revision Date 09.10.2015

Print Date 10.10.2015