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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name	:	Shell Rimula R2 Extra 15W-40
Product code	:	001C6099

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Substance/Mixture	:	Engine oil.
Uses advised against	:	This product must not be used in applications other than those listed in Section 1 without first seeking the advice of the supplier.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer/Supplier	 Shell UK Oil Products Limited Shell Centre London SE1 7NA United Kingdom
Telephone Telefax Email Contact for Safety Data Sheet	 (+44) 08007318888 If you have any enquiries about the content of this SDS please email lubricantSDS@shell.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

: +44-(0) 151-350-4595

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms	:	No Hazard Symbo	I required
Signal word	:	No signal word	
Hazard statements	:		PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard

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Precautionary statements	 Prevention: Response: Storage: Disposal: 	according to CLP crit HEALTH HAZARDS Not classified as a ho criteria. ENVIRONMENTAL I Not classified as env according to CLP crit No precautionary ph No precautionary ph No precautionary ph No precautionary ph	: ealth hazard under CLP HAZARDS: rironmental hazard teria. rases. rases.
Sensitising components	: Contains calci May produce a	um sulphonate. an allergic reaction.	
0.2 Other herende			

2.3 Other hazards

This mixture does not contain any REACH registered substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Used oil may contain harmful impurities.

Not classified as flammable but will burn.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Chemical nature	 Highly refined mineral oils and additives. The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSO- extract, according to IP346.
	: * contains one or more of the following CAS-numbers (REACH registration numbers): 64742-53-6 (01-2119480375- 34), 64742-54-7 (01-2119484627-25), 64742-55-8 (01- 2119487077-29), 64742-56-9 (01-2119480132-48), 64742-65- 0 (01-2119471299-27), 68037-01-4 (01-2119486452-34), 72623-86-0 (01-2119474878-16), 72623-87-1 (01- 2119474889-13), 8042-47-5 (01-2119487078-27), 848301-69- 9 (01-0000020163-82).

Hazardous components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Classification	Concentration
	EC-No.	(REGULATION	[%]
	Registration	(EC) No	

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		4070(0000)	1
	number	1272/2008)	
Polyolefin Amide		Aquatic Chronic4;	< 3
Alkeneamine Polyol		H413	
Sulphurised calcium	90480-91-4	Aquatic Chronic4;	< 3
phenate	291-829-9	H413	
Zinc	68649-42-3	Eye Dam.1; H318	1 - 2.4
dialkyldithiophosphate	272-028-3	Aquatic Chronic2;	
		H411	
Calcium alkaryl		Skin Sens.1B;	< 0.9
sulphonate		H317	
		Aquatic Chronic4;	
		H413	
Interchangeable low		Asp. Tox.1; H304	0 - 90
viscosity base oil			
(<20,5 cSt @40°C) *			

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice	: Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal conditions.
Protection of first-aiders	: When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the appropriate personal protective equipment according to the incident, injury and surroundings.
If inhaled	: No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.
In case of skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with water and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
In case of eye contact	: Flush eye with copious quantities of water. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
If swallowed	: In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are swallowed, however, get medical advice.
4.2 Most important symptoms and	l effects, both acute and delayed
Symptoms	 Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptoms may include formation of black pustules and spots on the skin of exposed areas. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea.
4.3 Indication of any immediate m	edical attention and special treatment needed
Treatment	: Notes to doctor/physician: Treat symptomatically.
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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

	Suitable extinguishing media	:	Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
	Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water in a jet.
5.2	Special hazards arising from	the	substance or mixture
	Specific hazards during firefighting	:	Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.
5.3	Advice for firefighters		
	Special protective equipment for firefighters	:	Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).
	Specific extinguishing methods	:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions	: 6.1.1 For non emergency personnel:
	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
	6.1.2 For emergency responders:
	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

6.2 Environmental precautions

contamina	opriate containment to avoid environmental ation. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate
-----------	--

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

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6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Previous or othe Recla Soak	ery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. ent from spreading by making a barrier with sand, earth her containment material. aim liquid directly or in an absorbent. up residue with an absorbent such as clay, sand or other ole material and dispose of properly.
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6.4 Reference to other sections

For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Chapter 8 of this Safety Data Sheet., For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Chapter 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

General Precautions	:	Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.
7.1 Precautions for safe handling		
Advice on safe handling	:	Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning materials in order to prevent fires.
Product Transfer	:	This material has the potential to be a static accumulator. Proper grounding and bonding procedures should be used during all bulk transfer operations.
7.2 Conditions for safe storage, in	ncl	uding any incompatibilities
Other data	:	Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place. Use properly labeled and closable containers.
		Store at ambient temperature.
		Refer to section 15 for any additional specific legislation covering the packaging and storage of this product.
		The storage of this product may be subject to the Control of Pollution (Oil Storage) (England) Regulations. Further guidance may be obtained from the local environmental agency office.

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Packaging material	: Suitable material: For containers or constant steel or high density polyethylene. Unsuitable material: PVC.	ontainer linings, use mild
Container Advice	: Polyethylene containers should not be temperatures because of possible risk	
7.3 Specific end use(s)		
Specific use(s)	: Not applicable	

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
Oil mist, mineral		TWA	5 mg/m3	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measuresThe level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include:

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Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.

Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.

General Information:

Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls.

Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product.

Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation.

Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.

Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle.

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

Personal protective equipment

The provided information is made in consideration of the PPE directive (Council Directive 89/686/EEC) and the CEN European Committee for Standardisation (CEN) standards.

Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.

Eye protection	:	If material is handled such that it could be splashed into eyes, protective eyewear is recommended. Approved to EU Standard EN166.
Hand protection		
Remarks	:	Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended. For continuous contact we recommend gloves with breakthrough time of more than 240 minutes with preference for > 480 minutes where suitable gloves can be identified. For short-term/splash protection we recommend the same, but recognize that suitable gloves offering this level of protection may not be available and in this case a lower breakthrough time maybe acceptable so long as appropriate maintenance

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	and replacement regimes are follow a good predictor of glove resistanc dependent on the exact composition Glove thickness should be typically depending on the glove make and	e to a chemical as it is on of the glove material. / greater than 0.35 mm	
Skin and body protection	work clothes.	Skin protection is not ordinarily required beyond standard work clothes. It is good practice to wear chemical resistant gloves.	
Respiratory protection	 No respiratory protection is ordinar conditions of use. In accordance with good industrial precautions should be taken to avoid If engineering controls do not main concentrations to a level which is a health, select respiratory protection specific conditions of use and mee Check with respiratory protective e Where air-filtering respirators are s appropriate combination of mask a Select a filter suitable for combined and vapours [Type A/Type P boilin meeting EN14387 and EN143. 	hygiene practices, bid breathing of material. tain airborne adequate to protect worker n equipment suitable for the ting relevant legislation. quipment suppliers. suitable, select an nd filter. d particulate/organic gases	
Thermal hazards	: Not applicable		
Hygiene measures	: Exposure to this product should be reasonably practicable. Reference Health and Safety Executive's publ Essentials".	should be made to the	
Environmental exposure cor	ntrols		
General advice	 Take appropriate measures to fulfil relevant environmental protection I contamination of the environment k Chapter 6. If necessary, prevent u being discharged to waste water. V treated in a municipal or industrial before discharge to surface water. Local guidelines on emission limits must be observed for the discharge vapour. 	egislation. Avoid by following advice given in indissolved material from Vaste water should be waste water treatment plant	

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

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Appearance	: Liquid at room temperature.	
Colour	: amber	
Odour	: Slight hydrocarbon	
Odour Threshold	: Data not available	
рН	: Not applicable	
pour point	: -33 °CMethod: ASTM D97	
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: > 280 °Cestimated value(s)	
Flash point	: 226 °C Method: ASTM D92	
Evaporation rate	: Data not available	
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Data not available	
Upper explosion limit	: Typical 10 %(V)	
Lower explosion limit	: Typical 1 %(V)	
Vapour pressure	: < 0.5 Pa (20 °C) estimated value(s)	
Relative vapour density	: > 1estimated value(s)	
Relative density	: 0.887 (15 °C)	
Density	: 887 kg/m3 (15.0 °C) Method: ASTM D4052	
Solubility(ies)		
Water solubility	: negligible	
Solubility in other solvents	: Data not available	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Pow: > 6(based on information on	similar products)
Auto-ignition temperature	: > 320 °C	
Viscosity		
Viscosity, dynamic	: Data not available	
Viscosity, kinematic	: 14.4 mm2/s (100 °C) Method: ASTM D445	

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	102 mm2/s (40.0 °C) Method: ASTM D445	
Explosive properties	: Not classified	
Oxidizing properties	: Data not available	
9.2 Other information		
Conductivity	: This material is not expected to be a	a static accumulator.
Decomposition temperature	: Data not available	

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable.

No hazardous reaction is expected when handled and stored according to provisions

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions	Reacts with strong oxidising agents.	
10.4 Conditions to avoid Conditions to avoid	Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.	
10.5 Incompatible materials		
Materials to avoid	Strong oxidising agents.	
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products		

Hazardous decomposition	: Hazardous decomposition products are not expected to form
products	during normal storage.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Basis for assessment	: Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).
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Information on likely routes of exposure	: Skin and eye contact are the primary r although exposure may occur following	
Acute toxicity		
Product:		
Acute oral toxicity	: LD50 rat: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Expected to be of low toxici	ty:
Acute inhalation toxicity	: Remarks: Not considered to be an inh normal conditions of use.	alation hazard under
Acute dermal toxicity	: LD50 Rabbit: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicit	ty:

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating.

Components:

Zinc dialkyldithiophosphate:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Remarks: For respiratory and skin sensitisation:, Not expected to be a sensitiser.

Components:

Calcium alkaryl sulphonate:

Remarks: May cause an allergic skin reaction in sensitive individuals.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

: Remarks: Not considered a mutagenic hazard.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

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Remarks: Not expected to be carcinogenic.

Remarks: Product contains mineral oils of types shown to be non-carcinogenic in animal skinpainting studies., Highly refined mineral oils are not classified as carcinogenic by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

Material	GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification
Highly refined mineral oil	No carcinogenicity classification.

Reproductive toxicity

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to impair fertility., Not expected to be a developmental toxicant.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Not considered an aspiration hazard.

Further information

Product:

Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: Continuous contact with used engine oils has caused skin cancer in animal tests.

SAFETY DATA SHEET Regulation 1907/2006/EC Shell Rimula R2 Extra 15W-40 Version 3.1 Revision Date 26.01.2016 Print Date 27.01.2016 Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system. Remarks: Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory frameworks may exist. Summary on evaluation of the CMR properties Germ cell mutagenicity-: This product does not meet the criteria for classification in Assessment categories 1A/1B. Carcinogenicity -: This product does not meet the criteria for classification in Assessment categories 1A/1B.

Reproductive toxicity -	: This product does not meet the criteria for classification in
Assessment	categories 1A/1B.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Basis for assessment Product:	:	Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).(LL/EL/IL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract).
		Pomarks: Expected to be practically per toxis:
Toxicity to fish (Acute toxicity)	•	Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l
Toxicity to crustacean (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l
Toxicity to fish (Chronic	:	Remarks: Data not available
toxicity) Toxicity to crustacean (Chronic toxicity)	:	Remarks: Data not available
Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Data not available

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12.2 Persistence and degradal	bility	
Product:		
Biodegradability	: Remarks: Expected to be not readily constituents are expected to be inhe contains components that may persist	rently biodegradable, but
12.3 Bioaccumulative potentia	I	
Product:		
Bioaccumulation	: Remarks: Contains components with bioaccumulate.	n the potential to
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Pow: > 6Remarks: (based on information)	ation on similar products)
12.4 Mobility in soil		
Product:		
Mobility	 Remarks: Liquid under most environ enters soil, it will adsorb to soil partic mobile. Remarks: Floats on water. 	
12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB	assessment	
Product:		
Assessment	: This mixture does not contain any RI substances that are assessed to be	
12.6 Other adverse effects		
Product:		
Additional ecological information	 Product is a mixture of non-volatile c expected to be released to air in any Not expected to have ozone depletion photochemical ozone creation potent potential. Poorly soluble mixture., May cause p organisms. Mineral oil is not expected to cause a aquatic organisms at concentrations 	r significant quantities., on potential, tial or global warming ohysical fouling of aquatic any chronic effects to

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

: Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment. Waste, spills or used product is dangerous waste.

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	Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or national requirements and must be complied with.	
Contaminated packaging	Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognized collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand. Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.	
Local legislation Waste catalogue	: EU Waste Disposal Code (EV	VC):
Waste Code	: 13 02 05*	
Remarks	: Classification of waste is alwauser.	ays the responsibility of the end

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1	UN number		
	ADR	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
	RID	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
	IMDG	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
	ΙΑΤΑ	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
14.2	Proper shipping name		
	ADR	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
	RID	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
	IMDG	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
	ΙΑΤΑ	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
14.3	Transport hazard class		
	ADR	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
	RID	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
	IMDG	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
	ΙΑΤΑ	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
14.4	Packing group		
	ADR	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
	RID	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
	IMDG	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
	ΙΑΤΑ	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
14.5	Environmental hazards		
	ADR	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
	RID	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
	IMDG	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
14.6	Special precautions for user		
	Remarks	:	Special Precautions: Refer to Chapter 7, Handling & Storage,

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	for special precautions which a user needs to comply with in connection v	
14.7 Transport in bulk accordin	ng to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the	IBC Code
Pollution category	: Not applicable	
Ship type	: Not applicable	
Product name	: Not applicable	
Special precautions	: Not applicable	
Additional Information	: MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bu	Ik shipments by sea.
SECTION 15: Regulatory inf	ormation	
6 7		

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACH - List of substances subject to authorisation	: Product is not subject to
(Annex XIV)	Authorisation under REACH.

Volatile organic compounds : 0 %

0 %

: Environmental Protection Act 1990 (as amended). Health and Other regulations Safety at Work etc. Act 1974. Consumers Protection Act 1987. Pollution Prevention and Control Act 1999. Environment Act 1995. Factories Act 1961. The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment (Amendment) Regulations 2011. Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009. Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (as amended). Merchant Shipping (Dangerous Goods and Marine Pollutants) Regulations 1997. Reporting of Injuries, Diseases and Dangerous Occurrences Regulations 1995 (as amended). Personal Protective Equipment Regulations 2002. Personal Protective Equipment at Work Regulations 1992. Hazardous Waste (England and Wales) Regulations 2005(as amended). Control of Major Accident Hazards Regulations 1999 (as amended). Renewable Transport Fuel Obligations Order 2007 (as amended). Energy Act 2011. Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2010 (as amended). Waste (England and Wales) Regulations 2011 (as amended). Planning (Hazardous Substances) Act 1990 and associated regulations. The Environmental Protection (Controls on Ozone-Depleting Substances) Regulations 2011.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

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EINECS/ELINCS/EC TSCA	All components listed or polymer exempt.All components listed.	

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture by the supplier.

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-Statements H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H411 May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life. H413 Full text of other abbreviations Aquatic Chronic Chronic aquatic toxicity Asp. Tox. Aspiration hazard Eve Dam. Serious eye damage Skin sensitisation Skin Sens. Abbreviations and Acronyms : The standard abbreviations and acronyms used in this document can be looked up in reference literature (e.g. scientific dictionaries) and/or websites. ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists ADR = European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road AICS = Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances ASTM = American Society for Testing and Materials BEL = Biological exposure limits BTEX = Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, Xylenes CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service CEFIC = European Chemical Industry Council CLP = Classification Packaging and Labelling COC = Cleveland Open-Cup DIN = Deutsches Institut für Normung DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level DSL = Canada Domestic Substance List EC = European Commission EC50 = Effective Concentration fifty ECETOC = European Center on Ecotoxicology and **Toxicology Of Chemicals** ECHA = European Chemicals Agency EINECS = The European Inventory of Existing Commercial **Chemical Substances** EL50 = Effective Loading fifty

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	ENCS = Japanese Existing and New	v Chemical Substances
	Inventory	
	EWC = European Waste Code	of Classification and
	GHS = Globally Harmonised System Labelling of Chemicals	I OF Classification and
	IARC = International Agency for Res	earch on Cancer
	IATA = International Air Transport As	
	IC50 = Inhibitory Concentration fifty	
	IL50 = Inhibitory Level fifty	
	IMDG = International Maritime Dang	erous Goods
	INV = Chinese Chemicals Inventory	
	IP346 = Institute of Petroleum test	
	determination of polycyclic aromatics	
	KECI = Korea Existing Chemicals In	ventory
	LC50 = Lethal Concentration fifty LD50 = Lethal Dose fifty per cent.	
	LL/EL/IL = Lethal Loading/Effective L	oading/Inhibitory loading
	LL50 = Lethal Loading fifty MARPOL = International Convention for the Preven	
		n for the Prevention of
	Pollution From Ships	
	NOEC/NOEL = No Observed Effect	Concentration / No
	Observed Effect Level	
	OE_HPV = Occupational Exposure -	
	PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative a	
	PICCS = Philippine Inventory of Che Substances	emicals and Chemical
	PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concer	stration
	REACH = Registration Evaluation A	
	Chemicals	
	RID = Regulations Relating to Intern	ational Carriage of
	Dangerous Goods by Rail	Ũ
	SKIN_DES = Skin Designation	
	STEL = Short term exposure limit	
	TRA = Targeted Risk Assessment	
	TSCA = US Toxic Substances Contr	TOI ACI
	TWA = Time-Weighted Average vPvB = very Persistent and very Bio	accumulative
Further information		

Other information

: No Exposure Scenario annex is attached to this safety data sheet. It is a non-classified mixture containing hazardous substances as detailed in Section 3; relevant information from Exposure Scenarios for the hazardous substances contained have been integrated into the core sections 1-16 of this SDS.

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Revision Date 26.01.2016

Print Date 27.01.2016

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.