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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name	: Alexia S4
Product code	: 001E4699

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Substance/Mixture	:	Engine oil.
Uses advised against	:	This product must not be used in applications other than those listed in Section 1 without first seeking the advice of the supplier.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer/Supplier	 Shell UK Oil Products Limited Shell Centre London SE1 7NA United Kingdom
Telephone Telefax	: (+44) 08007318888 :
Email Contact for Safety Data Sheet	: If you have any enquiries about the content of this SDS please email lubricantSDS@shell.com If you have any enquiries about the content of this SDS please email lubricantSDS@shell.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

: +44-(0) 151-350-4595 +44-(0) 151-350-4595

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture		
Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 12	272/2008)	
Skin sensitisation, Category 1	H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Classification (67/548/EEC, 1999/45/EC)		
Sensitising	R43: May cause sensitisation by skin contact.	

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

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Hazard pictograms			
Signal word	Warning		
Hazard statements	H317	PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physic according to CLP criteria HEALTH HAZARDS: May cause an allergic sk ENVIRONMENTAL HAZ Not classified as environ according to CLP criteria	in reaction. ARDS: mental hazard
Precautionary statements	 Prevention: P280 Response: P302 + P352 P333 + P313 Storage: Disposal: P501 	Wear protective gloves/ p eye protection/ face protection/ face protection/ face protection/ face protection IF ON SKIN: Wash with p If skin irritation or rash of advice/ attention. No precautionary phrase Dispose of contents/ con approved waste disposal	ection. olenty of water. ccurs: Get medical s. tainer to an

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label: Contains calcium sulphonate.

2.3 Other hazards

This mixture does not contain any REACH registered substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Used oil may contain harmful impurities.

Not classified as flammable but will burn.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Chemical nature	 Highly refined mineral oils and additives. The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSO- extract, according to IP346.
	 * contains one or more of the following CAS-numbers (REACH registration numbers): 64742-53-6 (01-2119480375- 34), 64742-54-7 (01-2119484627-25), 64742-55-8 (01-
	0000010000

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2119487077-29), 64742-56-9 (01-2119480132-48), 64742-65-0 (01-2119471299-27), 68037-01-4 (01-2119486452-34), 72623-86-0 (01-2119474878-16), 72623-87-1 (01-2119474889-13), 8042-47-5 (01-2119487078-27), 848301-69-9 (01-0000020163-82).

Hazardous components

Chemical Name	CAS-No. EC-No. Registration number	Classification (67/548/EEC)	Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)	Concentration [%]
Sulphurised calcium phenate	90480-91-4 291-829-9	R53	Aquatic Chronic4; H413	< 10
Calcium long chain alkaryl sulphonate		R53	Aquatic Chronic4; H413	< 3
Calcium long chain alkaryl sulphonate	722503-68-6	Xi; R43-R53	Skin Sens.1; H317 Aquatic Chronic4; H413	< 3
Polyolefin amide alkeneamine		R53	Aquatic Chronic4; H413	< 3
Alkylphenol	310-154-3	Xi-N-T; R36/38- R50/53-R60	Skin Irrit.2; H315 Eye Irrit.2; H319 Repr.1A; H360 Aquatic Acute1; H400 Aquatic Chronic1; H410	< 1.5
Interchangeable low viscosity base oil (<20,5 cSt @40°C) *			Asp. Tox.1; H304	0 - 90

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

If inhaled: No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.In case of skin contact: Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with water and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.In case of eye contact: Flush eye with copious quantities of water. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.	Protection of first-aiders	: When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the appropriate personal protective equipment according to the incident, injury and surroundings.
water and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.In case of eye contact: Flush eye with copious quantities of water.	If inhaled	
	In case of skin contact	water and follow by washing with soap if available.
	In case of eye contact	

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If swallowed	: In general no treatment is necessary are swallowed, however, get medica	.	
4.2 Most important symp	toms and effects, both acute and delayed		
Symptoms	 Skin sensitisation (allergic skin react may include itching and/or a rash. Oil acne/folliculitis signs and sympton of black pustules and spots on the sl Ingestion may result in nausea, vom 	ms may include formation kin of exposed areas.	
4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed			
Treatment	: Notes to doctor/physician:		

Treatment	: Notes to doctor/physician:
	Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

	Suitable extinguishing media		Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
	Unsuitable extinguishing media	•	Do not use water in a jet.
5.2	Special hazards arising from t	he	substance or mixture
	Specific hazards during firefighting	:	Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.
5.3	Advice for firefighters		
	Special protective equipment for firefighters	:	Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).
	Specific extinguishing methods	:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions :	6.1.1 For non emergency personnel:Avoid contact with skin and eyes.6.1.2 For emergency responders:Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
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6.2 Environmental precautions

	Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, litches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate parriers.
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Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

suitable material and dispose of properly.		Methods for cleaning up	: Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Prevent from spreading by making a barrier with sand, earth or other containment material. Reclaim liquid directly or in an absorbent. Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay, sand or other suitable material and dispose of properly.
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6.4 Reference to other sections

For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Chapter 8 of this Safety Data Sheet., For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Chapter 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

General Precautions :	Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.
7.1 Precautions for safe handling	
Advice on safe handling :	Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning materials in order to prevent fires.
Product Transfer :	This material has the potential to be a static accumulator. Proper grounding and bonding procedures should be used during all bulk transfer operations.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Other data	: Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated
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	place. Use properly labeled and closa	able containers.
	Store at ambient temperature.	
	Refer to section 15 for any additional covering the packaging and storage c	
	The storage of this product may be su Pollution (Oil Storage) (England) Reg guidance may be obtained from the lo agency office.	julations. Further
Packaging material	: Suitable material: For containers or constant steel or high density polyethylene. Unsuitable material: PVC.	ontainer linings, use mild
Container Advice	: Polyethylene containers should not be temperatures because of possible risk	

7.3 Specific end use(s)

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
Oil mist, mineral		TWA	5 mg/m3	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

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Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measures The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.

Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.

General Information:

Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls.

Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product.

Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation.

Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.

Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle.

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

Personal protective equipment

The provided information is made in consideration of the PPE directive (Council Directive 89/686/EEC) and the CEN European Committee for Standardisation (CEN) standards.

Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.

Eye protection	 If material is handled such that it could be splashed into eyes, protective eyewear is recommended. Approved to EU Standard EN166. 	
Hand protection		
Remarks	Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical	

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	resistance of glove material, dexterity from glove suppliers. Contaminated replaced. Personal hygiene is a key care. Gloves must only be worn on c gloves, hands should be washed and Application of a non-perfumed moist	gloves should be element of effective hand lean hands. After using d dried thoroughly.
	For continuous contact we recomme breakthrough time of more than 240 for > 480 minutes where suitable glo short-term/splash protection we reco recognize that suitable gloves offerin may not be available and in this case time maybe acceptable so long as a and replacement regimes are followe a good predictor of glove resistance dependent on the exact composition Glove thickness should be typically g depending on the glove make and m	minutes with preference ves can be identified. For mmend the same, but ing this level of protection a lower breakthrough ppropriate maintenance ed. Glove thickness is not to a chemical as it is of the glove material. greater than 0.35 mm
Skin and body protection	: Wear chemical resistant gloves/gaur risk of splashing, also wear an apron	
Respiratory protection	 No respiratory protection is ordinarily conditions of use. In accordance with good industrial hy precautions should be taken to avoid If engineering controls do not maintal concentrations to a level which is add health, select respiratory protection of specific conditions of use and meetin Check with respiratory protective equ Where air-filtering respirators are suit appropriate combination of mask and Select a filter suitable for combined p and vapors [Type A/Type P boiling p meeting EN14387 and EN143. 	ygiene practices, I breathing of material. in airborne equate to protect worker equipment suitable for the ng relevant legislation. uipment suppliers. itable, select an d filter. particulate/organic gases
Thermal hazards	: Not applicable	
Hygiene measures	: Exposure to this product should be re reasonably practicable. Reference sl Health and Safety Executive's public Essentials".	hould be made to the
Environmental exposure co	ontrols	
General advice	: Take appropriate measures to fulfill t	the requirements of

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	contamination of the environment by Chapter 6. If necessary, prevent und being discharged to waste water. Was treated in a municipal or industrial wa before discharge to surface water. Local guidelines on emission limits fo must be observed for the discharge o vapour.	issolved material from ste water should be ste water treatment plant r volatile substances

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	:	Liquid at room temperature.
Colour	:	amber
Odour	:	Slight hydrocarbon
Odour Threshold	:	Data not available
рН	:	Not applicable
pour point	:	<= -6 °CMethod: ASTM D97
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	> 280 °Cestimated value(s)
Flash point	:	>= 210 °C Method: ASTM D93
Evaporation rate	:	Data not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Data not available
Upper explosion limit	:	Typical 10 %(V)
Lower explosion limit	:	Typical 1 %(V)
Vapour pressure	:	< 0.5 Pa (20 °C) estimated value(s)
Relative vapour density	:	> 1estimated value(s)
Relative density	:	0.926 (15 °C)
Density	:	926 kg/m3 (15.0 °C) Method: ASTM D4052
Solubility(ies)		
Water solubility	:	negligible
Solubility in other solvents	:	Data not available

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Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Pow: > 6(based on information on sin	nilar products)
Auto-ignition temperature	: > 320 ℃	
Viscosity		
Viscosity, dynamic	: Data not available	
Viscosity, kinematic	: 165 mm2/s (40.0 °C) Method: Unspecified	
Explosive properties	: Not classified	
Oxidizing properties	: Data not available	
9.2 Other information		
Conductivity	: This material is not expected to be a	static accumulator.
Decomposition temperature	: Data not available	

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable.

No hazardous reaction is expected when handled and stored according to provisions

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions	:	Reacts with strong oxidising agents.
10.4 Conditions to avoid		
Conditions to avoid	:	Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.
10.5 Incompatible materials		
Materials to avoid	:	Strong oxidising agents.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products		
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Hazardous decomposition products are not expected to form during normal storage.

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Basis for assessment	:	Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).
Information on likely routes of exposure	:	Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.
Acute toxicity		
Product:		
Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 rat: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity:
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	Remarks: Not considered to be an inhalation hazard under normal conditions of use.
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 Rabbit: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity:

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Remarks: For skin sensitisation:, Expected to be a skin sensitizer.

Remarks: For respiratory sensitisation:, Not expected to be a sensitiser.

Components:

Calcium long chain alkaryl sulphonate:

Remarks: May cause an allergic skin reaction in sensitive individuals.

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Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

: Remarks: Not considered a mutagenic hazard.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be carcinogenic.

Remarks: Product contains mineral oils of types shown to be non-carcinogenic in animal skinpainting studies., Highly refined mineral oils are not classified as carcinogenic by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

Material	GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification
Highly refined mineral oil	No carcinogenicity classification.

Reproductive toxicity

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to impair fertility., Not expected to be a developmental toxicant.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Not considered an aspiration hazard.

Further information

Product:

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Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: Continuous contact with used engine oils has caused skin cancer in animal tests.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

Remarks: Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory frameworks may exist.

Summary on evaluation of the CMR properties

Germ cell mutagenicity- Assessment	:	This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.
Carcinogenicity - Assessment	:	This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.
Reproductive toxicity - Assessment	:	This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Basis for assessment	:	Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).(LL/EL/IL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract).Test data for additive packages has also been used in the classification of this product. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Toxicity to fish (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l
Toxicity to crustacean (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/I

toxicity)	Remarks: Data not available Remarks: Data not available	
toxicity) Toxicity to crustacean : (Chronic toxicity) Toxicity to microorganisms : (Acute toxicity)	Remarks: Data not available	
(Chronic toxicity) Toxicity to microorganisms : (Acute toxicity)		
(Acute toxicity)		
2.2 Persistence and degradability	Remarks: Data not available	
Product:		
Biodegradability :	Remarks: Expected to be not readily constituents are expected to be inher contains components that may persist	rently biodegradable, but
2.3 Bioaccumulative potential		
Product:		
Bioaccumulation :	: Remarks: Contains components with the potential to bioaccumulate.	
Partition coefficient: n- : octanol/water	Pow: > 6Remarks: (based on informa	ation on similar products)
2.4 Mobility in soil		
Product:		
Mobility :	Remarks: Liquid under most environr enters soil, it will adsorb to soil partic mobile. Remarks: Floats on water.	
2.5 Results of PBT and vPvB asse	essment	
Product:		
Assessment :	This mixture does not contain any RE substances that are assessed to be a	
2.6 Other adverse effects		
Product:		
Additional ecological : information	Product is a mixture of non-volatile conserved to be released to air in any Not expected to have ozone depletion photochemical ozone creation potent potential. Poorly soluble mixture., May cause p	significant quantities., n potential, tial or global warming
	organisms. Mineral oil is not expected to cause a aquatic organisms at concentrations	

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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods	
Product :	 Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses
Contaminated packaging :	Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognized collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand. Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.
Local legislation Waste catalogue :	
	EU Waste Disposal Code (EWC):
Waste Code :	
	13 02 05*
Remarks :	Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.
	Classification of waste is always the responsibility of the end user.
	Hazardous Waste (England and Wales) Regulations 2005.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number	
ADR RID IMDG IATA	 Not regulated as a dangerous good
14.2 Proper shipping name	

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ADR		
ADR RID	Not regulated as a dangerous goodNot regulated as a dangerous good	
	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
IATA	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
14.3 Transport hazard class	. Not regulated as a daligerous good	
ADR	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
RID	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
IMDG	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
IATA	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
14.4 Packing group		
ADR	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
RID	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
IMDG	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
ΙΑΤΑ	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
14.5 Environmental hazards		
ADR	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
RID	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
IMDG	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
14.6 Special precautions for us	ser	
Remarks	: Special Precautions: Refer to Chapte	r 7, Handling & Storage,
	for special precautions which a user n	eeds to be aware of or
	needs to comply with in connection with	th transport.
14.7 Transport in bulk accordii	ng to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IE	3C Code
Pollution category	: Not applicable	
Ship type	: Not applicable	
Product name	: Not applicable	
Special precautions	: Not applicable	
Additional Information	: MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk	shipments by sea.

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACH - List of substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV) : Product is not subject to Authorisation under REACH.

Volatile organic compounds : 0 %

Other regulations: Environmental Protection Act 1990 (as amended). Health and
Safety at Work etc. Act 1974. Consumers Protection Act 1987.
Pollution Prevention and Control Act 1999. Environment Act
1995. Factories Act 1961. The Carriage of Dangerous Goods
and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment (Amendment)
Regulations 2011. Chemicals (Hazard Information and

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	Packaging for Supply) Regulations 20 Substances Hazardous to Health Reg amended). Merchant Shipping (Dang Pollutants) Regulations 1997. Report and Dangerous Occurrences Regulat Personal Protective Equipment Regu Protective Equipment at Work Regulat Waste (England and Wales) Regulati Control of Major Accident Hazards Re amended). Renewable Transport Fue (as amended). Energy Act 2011. Env (England and Wales) Regulations 20 (England and Wales) Regulations 20 Planning (Hazardous Substances) Ac regulations. The Environmental Prote Ozone-Depleting Substances) Regulation	gulations 2002 (as erous Goods and Marine ing of Injuries, Diseases tions 1995 (as amended). lations 2002. Personal ations 1992. Hazardous ons 2005(as amended). egulations 1999 (as el Obligations Order 2007 ironmental Permitting 10 (as amended). Waste 11 (as amended). ct 1990 and associated ection (Controls on
The components of	this product are reported in the following inver	ntories:
EINECS TSCA	All components listed or polymer exerAll components listed.	mpt.

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture by the supplier.

SECTION 16: Other information

REGULATION (EC) No Skin sensitisation, Cate		Classification procedure: Expert judgement and weight of evidence determination.
Full text of R-Phrases		
R36/38	Irritating to eyes an	d skin.
R43	May cause sensitis	ation by skin contact.
R50/53	Very toxic to aquati	c organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in
	the aquatic environ	ment.
R53	May cause long-ter	m adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
R60	May impair fertility.	
Full text of H-Stateme	nts	
H304	May be fatal if swal	lowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritatio	on.
H317	May cause an aller	gic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye	e irritation.
H360		y or the unborn child.
H400	Very toxic to aquati	c life.
H410	Very toxic to aquati	c life with long lasting effects.
H413	May cause long las	ting harmful effects to aquatic life.

Full text of other abbreviations

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Version 2.2 Aquatic Acute Aquatic Chronic Asp. Tox. Eye Irrit. Repr. Skin Irrit. Skin Sens. Abbreviations and Acro	Revision Date 17.04.2015 Acute aquatic toxicity Aspiration hazard Eye irritation Reproductive toxicity Skin irritation Skin sensitisation nyms The standard abbreviations and acr document can be looked up in refer scientific dictionaries) and/or websit The standard abbreviations and acr document can be looked up in refer scientific dictionaries) and/or websit ACGIH = American Conference of C Hygienists ADR = European Agreement conce Carriage of Dangerous Goods by R AICS = Australian Inventory of Cher ASTM = American Society for Testin BEL = Biological exposure limits BTEX = Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbe CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service CEFIC = European Chemical Indust CLP = Classification Packaging and COC = Cleveland Open-Cup DIN = Deutsches Institut fur Normur DMEL = Derived No Effect Level DSL = Canada Domestic Substance EC = European Commission EC50 = Effective Concentration fifty ECETOC = European Chemicals Agen EINECS = The European Inventory Chemical Substances EL50 = Effective Loading fifty ENCS = Japanese Existing and New Inventory EWC = European Waste Code GHS = Globally Harmonised Syster Labelling of Chemicals IARC = International Agency for Ree IATA = International Agen	ence literature (e.g. es. onyms used in this ence literature (e.g. es. Governmental Industrial rning the International oad mical Substances ng and Materials enzene, Xylenes try Council Labelling ng rel e List cotoxicology and icy of Existing Commercial w Chemical Substances in of Classification and search on Cancer association gerous Goods
	KECI = Korea Existing Chemicals Ir LC50 = Lethal Concentration fifty	iveritory

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	LD50 = Lethal Dose fifty per cent. LL/EL/IL = Lethal Loading/Effective L LL50 = Lethal Loading fifty MARPOL = International Convention Pollution From Ships NOEC/NOEL = No Observed Effect O Observed Effect Level OE_HPV = Occupational Exposure - PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and PICCS = Philippine Inventory of Chern Substances PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concen REACH = Registration Evaluation And Chemicals RID = Regulations Relating to Internat Dangerous Goods by Rail SKIN_DES = Skin Designation STEL = Short term exposure limit TRA = Targeted Risk Assessment TSCA = US Toxic Substances Control TWA = Time-Weighted Average vPvB = very Persistent and very Bioa	for the Prevention of Concentration / No High Production Volume nd Toxic micals and Chemical tration nd Authorisation Of ational Carriage of
Further information		
Other information	: A vertical bar () in the left margin ind	licates an amendment

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the

from the previous version.

purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.