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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name	:	Advance 4T Ultra 10W-40 (SM/MA2)
Product code	:	001D8584

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Substance/Mixture	:	Engine oil.
Uses advised against	:	This product must not be used in applications other than those listed in Section 1 without first seeking the advice of the supplier.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer/Supplier Telephone Telefax	 Shell UK Oil Products Limited Shell Centre London SE1 7NA United Kingdom (+44) 08007318888
Email Contact for Safety Data Sheet	: If you have any enquiries about the content of this SDS please email lubricantSDS@shell.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

: +44-(0) 151-350-4595

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms	: No Haza	rd Symbol required
Signal word	: No signa	l word
Hazard statements	:	PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard

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	criteria. ENVIRONMENTA	DS: health hazard under CLP L HAZARDS:
		environmental hazard

Precautionary statements	:	Prevention:	
·		_	No precautionary phrases.
		Response:	No precautionary phrases.
		Storage:	
		Dianaaalu	No precautionary phrases.
		Disposal:	No precautionary phrases.

2.3 Other hazards

This mixture does not contain any REACH registered substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Used oil may contain harmful impurities.

Not classified as flammable but will burn.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Chemical nature : Synthetic base oil and additives. Highly refined mineral oil. The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSOextract, according to IP346.

: * contains one or more of the following CAS-numbers (REACH registration numbers): 64742-53-6 (01-2119480375-34), 64742-54-7 (01-2119484627-25), 64742-55-8 (01-2119487077-29), 64742-56-9 (01-2119480132-48), 64742-65-0 (01-2119471299-27), 68037-01-4 (01-2119486452-34), 72623-86-0 (01-2119474878-16), 72623-87-1 (01-2119474889-13), 8042-47-5 (01-2119487078-27), 848301-69-9 (01-0000020163-82).

according to CLP criteria.

Hazardous components

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Classification	Concentration
	EC-No.	(REGULATION	[%]
	Registration	(EC) No	
	number	1272/2008)	
Polyolefin Amide		Aquatic Chronic4;	1-3

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Alkeneamine Polyol Alkaryl amine	H413 Aquatic Chronic4; H413	1 - 3	
Polyolefin amide alkeneamine borate	Aquatic Chronic4; H413	1 - 3	
Interchangeable low viscosity base oil (<20,5 cSt @40°C) *	Asp. Tox.1; H304	0 - 90	

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice	: Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal conditions.
Protection of first-aiders	: When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the appropriate personal protective equipment according to the incident, injury and surroundings.
If inhaled	: No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.
In case of skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with water and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
In case of eye contact	: Flush eye with copious quantities of water. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
If swallowed	: In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are swallowed, however, get medical advice.
4.2 Most important symptoms a	nd effects, both acute and delayed
Symptoms	: Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptoms may include formation of black pustules and spots on the skin of exposed areas. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea.
4.3 Indication of any immediate	medical attention and special treatment needed
Treatment	: Notes to doctor/physician: Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

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Suitable extinguishing media	: Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemic dioxide, sand or earth may be used for	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water in a jet.	
5.2 Special hazards arising from	the substance or mixture	
Specific hazards during firefighting	: Hazardous combustion products may mixture of airborne solid and liquid pa (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be e combustion occurs. Unidentified orga compounds.	articulates and gases volved if incomplete
5.3 Advice for firefighters		
Special protective equipment for firefighters	: Proper protective equipment including gloves are to be worn; chemical resis large contact with spilled product is en Breathing Apparatus must be worn w a confined space. Select fire fighter's relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN	tant suit is indicated if xpected. Self-Contained hen approaching a fire in clothing approved to
Specific extinguishing methods	: Use extinguishing measures that are circumstances and the surrounding e	appropriate to local

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions	: 6.1.1 For non emergency personnel:
	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
	6.1.2 For emergency responders:
	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up	 Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Prevent from spreading by making a barrier with sand, earth or other containment material. Reclaim liquid directly or in an absorbent. Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay, sand or other
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suitable material and dispose of properly.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Chapter 8 of this Safety Data Sheet., For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Chapter 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage			
General Precautions	 Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material. 		
7.1 Precautions for safe handling			
Advice on safe handling	 Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning materials in order to prevent fires. 		
Product Transfer	 This material has the potential to be a static accumulator. Proper grounding and bonding procedures should be used during all bulk transfer operations. 		
7.2 Conditions for safe storage, in	ncluding any incompatibilities		
Other data	: Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place. Use properly labeled and closable containers.		
	Store at ambient temperature.		
	Refer to section 15 for any additional specific legislation covering the packaging and storage of this product.		
	The storage of this product may be subject to the Control of Pollution (Oil Storage) (England) Regulations. Further guidance may be obtained from the local environmental agency office.		
Packaging material	: Suitable material: For containers or container linings, use mild steel or high density polyethylene. Unsuitable material: PVC.		
Container Advice	: Polyethylene containers should not be exposed to high temperatures because of possible risk of distortion.		
7.3 Specific end use(s)			

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Specific use(s)

: Not applicable

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
Oil mist, mineral		TWA	5 mg/m3	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measuresThe level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include:

Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.

Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.

General Information:

Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls. Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product.

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Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation.

Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.

Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle.

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

Personal protective equipment

The provided information is made in consideration of the PPE directive (Council Directive 89/686/EEC) and the CEN European Committee for Standardisation (CEN) standards.

Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.

Eye protection

: If material is handled such that it could be splashed into eyes, protective eyewear is recommended. Approved to EU Standard EN166.

Hand protection

Remarks

: Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended.

For continuous contact we recommend gloves with breakthrough time of more than 240 minutes with preference for > 480 minutes where suitable gloves can be identified. For short-term/splash protection we recommend the same, but recognize that suitable gloves offering this level of protection may not be available and in this case a lower breakthrough time maybe acceptable so long as appropriate maintenance and replacement regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not a good predictor of glove resistance to a chemical as it is dependent on the exact composition of the glove material. Glove thickness should be typically greater than 0.35 mm depending on the glove make and model.

Skin and body protection : Skin protection is not ordinarily required beyond standard work clothes. It is good practice to wear chemical resistant gloves.

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Respiratory protection	: No respiratory protection is ordinari conditions of use. In accordance with good industrial precautions should be taken to avo If engineering controls do not maind concentrations to a level which is a health, select respiratory protection specific conditions of use and meet Check with respiratory protective et Where air-filtering respirators are si appropriate combination of mask at Select a filter suitable for combined and vapours [Type A/Type P boiling meeting EN14387 and EN143.	hygiene practices, id breathing of material. tain airborne dequate to protect worker equipment suitable for the ing relevant legislation. quipment suppliers. uitable, select an nd filter. particulate/organic gases
Thermal hazards	: Not applicable	
Hygiene measures	: Exposure to this product should be reasonably practicable. Reference Health and Safety Executive's publi Essentials".	should be made to the
Environmental exposure c	ontrols	
General advice	: Take appropriate measures to fulfill relevant environmental protection le contamination of the environment b Chapter 6. If necessary, prevent un being discharged to waste water. W treated in a municipal or industrial w before discharge to surface water. Local guidelines on emission limits must be observed for the discharge vapour.	egislation. Avoid y following advice given in ndissolved material from /aste water should be vaste water treatment plant for volatile substances

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	: Liquid at room temperature.	
Colour	: amber	
Odour	: Slight hydrocarbon	
Odour Threshold	: Data not available	
рН	: Not applicable	

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pour point	:	-36 °CMethod: ISO 3016	
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	> 280 °Cestimated value(s)	
Flash point	:	230 °C Method: ISO 2592	
Evaporation rate	:	Data not available	
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Data not available	
Upper explosion limit	:	Typical 10 %(V)	
Lower explosion limit	:	Typical 1 %(V)	
Vapour pressure	:	< 0.5 Pa (20 °C) estimated value(s)	
Relative vapour density	:	> 1estimated value(s)	
Relative density	:	0.858 (15 °C)	
Density	:	858 kg/m3 (15.0 °C) Method: ASTM D4052	
Solubility(ies)			
Water solubility	:	negligible	
Solubility in other solvents	:	Data not available	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Pow: > 6(based on information on similar	products)
Auto-ignition temperature	:	> 320 °C	
Viscosity			
Viscosity, dynamic	:	Data not available	
Viscosity, kinematic	:	98.6 mm2/s (40.0 °C) Method: ASTM D445	
		15.8 mm2/s (100 °C) Method: ASTM D445	
Explosive properties	:	Not classified	
Oxidizing properties	:	Data not available	

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9.2 Other information		
Conductivity	: This material is not expected to be a	static accumulator.
Decomposition temperature	: Data not available	
SECTION 10: Stability and rea	activity	
10.1 Reactivity		
The product does not pose ar sub-paragraph.	y further reactivity hazards in addition to	those listed in the following
10.2 Chemical stability		
Stable. No hazardous reaction is exp	ected when handled and stored according	g to provisions
10.3 Possibility of hazardous rea	actions	
Hazardous reactions	: Reacts with strong oxidising agents.	
10.4 Conditions to avoid		
Conditions to avoid	: Extremes of temperature and direct	sunlight.
10.5 Incompatible materials		
Materials to avoid	: Strong oxidising agents.	

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition	:	Hazardous decomposition products are not expected to form
products		during normal storage.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Basis for assessment	:	Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).
Information on likely routes of exposure	:	Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.
Acute toxicity		
Product:		
Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 rat: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity:

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Acute inhalation toxicity	: Remarks: Not considered to be an in	halation hazard under
Acute dermal toxicity	normal conditions of use. : LD50 Rabbit: > 5,000 mg/kg	
	Remarks: Expected to be of low toxic	city:

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Remarks: For respiratory and skin sensitisation:, Not expected to be a sensitiser.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

: Remarks: Not considered a mutagenic hazard.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be carcinogenic.

Material	GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification		
Material	GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification		
Interchangeable low viscosity base oil (<20,5 cSt @40°C) *	No carcinogenicity classification.		
Highly refined mineral oil	No carcinogenicity classification.		

Reproductive toxicity

Product:

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Remarks: Not expected to impair fertility., Not expected to be a developmental toxicant.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Not considered an aspiration hazard.

Further information

Product:

Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: Continuous contact with used engine oils has caused skin cancer in animal tests.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

Remarks: Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory frameworks may exist.

Summary on evaluation of the CMR properties

Germ cell mutagenicity- Assessment	:	This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.
Carcinogenicity - Assessment	:	This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.
Reproductive toxicity - Assessment	:	This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Basis for assessment	:	 Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifical for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the compon and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).(LL/EL/IL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous te extract). 	
Toxicity to fish (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l	
Toxicity to crustacean (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l	
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/I	
Toxicity to fish (Chronic	:	Remarks: Data not available	
toxicity) Toxicity to crustacean (Chronic toxicity)	:	Remarks: Data not available	
Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity)		Remarks: Data not available	

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product:

Biodegradability	: Remarks: Expected to be not readily biodegradable., Major constituents are expected to be inherently biodegradable, but contains components that may persist in the environment.
12.3 Bioaccumulative potential	
Product:	
Bioaccumulation	: Remarks: Contains components with the potential to bioaccumulate.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Pow: > 6Remarks: (based on information on similar products)
12.4 Mobility in soil	

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Product:		
Mobility	 Remarks: Liquid under most environmental conditions., If it enters soil, it will adsorb to soil particles and will not be mobile. Remarks: Floats on water. 	
12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB as	ssessment	
Product:		
Assessment	: This mixture does not contain any REACH registered substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.	
12.6 Other adverse effects		
Product:		
Additional ecological information	 Product is a mixture of non-volatile components, which are nerespected to be released to air in any significant quantities., Not expected to have ozone depletion potential, photochemical ozone creation potential or global warming potential. Poorly soluble mixture., May cause physical fouling of aquation organisms. 	

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product	aste product should not be bund water, or be disposed aste, spills or used product	
	tional, and local laws and r	e stringent than regional or
Contaminated packaging	a recognized collector or c collector or contractor sho	revailing regulations, preferably ontractor. The competence of ould be established beforehand. ance with applicable regional, egulations.
Local legislation		
Waste catalogue	Waste Disposal Code (E)	VC):
Waste Code	02 06*	
Remarks	assification of waste is alwater.	ays the responsibility of the end

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SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number		
ADR		Not regulated as a dangerous good
RID	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
IATA	÷	Not regulated as a dangerous good
14.2 Proper shipping name		5 5 5
ADR	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
RID	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
ΙΑΤΑ	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
14.3 Transport hazard class		
ADR	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
RID	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
ΙΑΤΑ	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
14.4 Packing group		
ADR		Not regulated as a dangerous good
RID	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
ΙΑΤΑ	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
14.5 Environmental hazards		
ADR	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
RID	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
14.6 Special precautions for user		
Remarks	:	Special Precautions: Refer to Chapter 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.
14.7 Transport in bulk according t	to	Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Pollution category		Not applicable
Ship type		Not applicable
Product name		Not applicable
Special precautions		Not applicable
Additional Information	:	MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

REACH - List of substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV) : Product is not subject to Authorisation under REACH.

Version 2.3 Revision Date 26.11.2015 Print Date 08.01.2016 Volatile organic compounds : 0% Other regulations : Environmental Protection Act 1990 (as amended). Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974. Consumers Protection Act 1987. Pollution Prevention and Control Act 1999. Environment Act 1995. Factories Act 1961. The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment (Amendment) Regulations 2011. Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009. Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (as amended). Merchant Shipping (Dangerous Goods and Marine Pollutants) Regulations 1997. Reporting of Injuries, Diseases and Dangerous Occurrences Regulations 1995 (as amended). Personal Protective Equipment Regulations 2002. Personal Protective Equipment at Work Regulations 1992. Hazardous Waste (England and Wales) Regulations 2005(as amended). Control of Major Accident Hazards Regulations 1999 (as amended). Renewable Transport Fuel Obligations Order 2007 (as amended). Energy Act 2011. Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2010 (as amended). Waste (England and Wales) Regulations 2011 (as amended). Planning (Hazardous Substances) Act 1990 and associated regulations. The Environmental Protection (Controls on Ozone-Depleting Substances) Regulations 2011.

EINECS	:	All components listed or polymer exempt.
TSCA	:	All components listed.

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture by the supplier.

SECTION 16: Other information

	_
Full text of H-Stater	ments
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H413	May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.
Full text of other ab	
Aquatic Chronic	Chronic aquatic toxicity
A T	
Asp. Tox.	Aspiration hazard cronyms : The standard abbreviations and acronyms used in this

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	scientific dictionaries) and/or websites.	
	ACGIH = American Conference of Governm Hygienists ADR = European Agreement concerning the Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road AICS = Australian Inventory of Chemical Su ASTM = American Society for Testing and I BEL = Biological exposure limits BTEX = Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service	e International ubstances Materials Xylenes
	CEFIC = European Chemical Industry Cour CLP = Classification Packaging and Labelli COC = Cleveland Open-Cup DIN = Deutsches Institut fur Normung DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level	
	DNEL = Derived No Effect Level DSL = Canada Domestic Substance List EC = European Commission EC50 = Effective Concentration fifty	logy and
	ECETOC = European Center on Ecotoxicol Toxicology Of Chemicals ECHA = European Chemicals Agency EINECS = The European Inventory of Exist Chemical Substances	
	EL50 = Effective Loading fifty ENCS = Japanese Existing and New Chem Inventory EWC = European Waste Code GHS = Globally Harmonised System of Cla	
	Labelling of Chemicals IARC = International Agency for Research of IATA = International Air Transport Associati IC50 = Inhibitory Concentration fifty IL50 = Inhibitory Level fifty	on Cancer
	IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous (INV = Chinese Chemicals Inventory IP346 = Institute of Petroleum test method determination of polycyclic aromatics DMSC KECI = Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory	l N° 346 for the D-extractables
	LC50 = Lethal Concentration fifty LD50 = Lethal Dose fifty per cent. LL/EL/IL = Lethal Loading/Effective Loading LL50 = Lethal Loading fifty	g/Inhibitory loading
	MARPOL = International Convention for the Pollution From Ships NOEC/NOEL = No Observed Effect Concer Observed Effect Level OE_HPV = Occupational Exposure - High F	ntration / No
	PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Tox PICCS = Philippine Inventory of Chemicals Substances PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration	kic and Chemical

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	Chemicals RID = Regulations Relating to Intern Dangerous Goods by Rail SKIN_DES = Skin Designation STEL = Short term exposure limit TRA = Targeted Risk Assessment TSCA = US Toxic Substances Contr TWA = Time-Weighted Average	REACH = Registration Evaluation And Authorisation Of Chemicals RID = Regulations Relating to International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail SKIN_DES = Skin Designation STEL = Short term exposure limit TRA = Targeted Risk Assessment TSCA = US Toxic Substances Control Act	
Further information			
Other information	 No Exposure Scenario annex is atta sheet. It is a non-classified mixture of substances as detailed in Section 3; Exposure Scenarios for the hazardo have been integrated into the core s 	containing hazardous relevant information from us substances contained	

A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.