Revision Date 08.07.2015

Print Date 10.07.2015

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name	:	AeroShell Fluid 12
Product code	:	001A0041

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the : Substance/Mixture	Synthetic lubricating oil for general purpose aircraft use., For further details consult the AeroShell Book on www.shell.com/aviation.
Uses advised against :	This product must be used, handled and applied in accordance with the requirements of the equipment manufacturer's manuals, bulletins and other documentation. This product must not be used in applications other than those listed in Section 1 without first seeking the advice of the supplier.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer/Supplier	: Shell UK Oil Products Limited Shell Centre London SE1 7NA United Kingdom
Telephone	: (+44) 08007318888
Telefax	:
Email Contact for Safety Data Sheet	: If you have any enquiries about the content of this SDS please email lubricantSDS@shell.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

: +44-(0) 151-350-4595

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Chronic aquatic toxicity, Category 3

H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms : No Hazard Symbol required

Version 5.0	Revision Date	08.07.2015	Print Date 10.07.2015
Signal word	: No signal word		
Hazard statements	: H412	PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a phys according to CLP criteria HEALTH HAZARDS: Not classified as a healt criteria. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZ Harmful to aquatic life w effects.	a. h hazard under CLP ZARDS:
Precautionary statements	 Prevention: P273 Response: Storage: Disposal: P501 	Avoid release to the env No precautionary phrase No precautionary phrase Dispose of contents/ co approved waste dispose	es. es. ntainer to an

Sensitising components : Contains triazole derivatives. May produce an allergic reaction.

2.3 Other hazards

This mixture does not contain any REACH registered substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Used oil may contain harmful impurities.

Not classified as flammable but will burn.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Chemical nature : Blend of synthetic esters and additives.

Hazardous components

Ì	Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Classification	Concentration
		EC-No.	(REGULATION	[%]
		Registration	(EC) No	
		number	1272/2008)	
	Barium alkaryl		Acute Tox.4; H302	1-5
	sulphonate		Skin Irrit.2; H315	
			Acute Tox.4; H332	
Ī	Butylated	128-37-0	Aquatic Chronic1;	1 - 2.4
	hydroxytoluene	204-881-4 / 01-	H410	

Version 5.0	Revision Date 08.07.2015			Print Date 10.07.2015
	2119565113-46	Aquatic Acute1; H400		
Triazole derivative	91273-04-0 401-280-0	Skin Corr.1B; H314 Aquatic Chronic1; H410 Skin Sens.1; H317	0.01 - 0.09	

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice		Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal conditions.
Protection of first-aiders		When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the appropriate personal protective equipment according to the incident, injury and surroundings.
If inhaled		No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.
In case of skin contact		Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with water and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
In case of eye contact		Flush eye with copious quantities of water. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
If swallowed		In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are swallowed, however, get medical advice.
4.2 Most important symptoms a	and ef	fects, both acute and delayed
Symptoms		Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptoms may include formation of black pustules and spots on the skin of exposed areas. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea.
4.3 Indication of any immediate	medi	ical attention and special treatment needed
Treatment		Notes to doctor/physician: Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon

Version 5.0	Revision Date 08.07.2015	Print Date 10.07.2015
Unsuitable extinguishing media	dioxide, sand or earth may be used : Do not use water in a jet.	for small fires only.
5.2 Special hazards arising from	the substance or mixture	
Specific hazards during firefighting	: Hazardous combustion products ma mixture of airborne solid and liquid p (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be combustion occurs. Unidentified org compounds.	oarticulates and gases evolved if incomplete
5.3 Advice for firefighters		
Special protective equipment for firefighters	: Proper protective equipment including gloves are to be worn; chemical resilarge contact with spilled product is Breathing Apparatus must be worn a confined space. Select fire fighter relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: El	istant suit is indicated if expected. Self-Contained when approaching a fire in 's clothing approved to
Specific extinguishing methods	: Use extinguishing measures that are circumstances and the surrounding	e appropriate to local

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions	: 6.1.1 For non emergency personnel:
	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
	6.1.2 For emergency responders:
	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up	 Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Prevent from spreading by making a barrier with sand, earth or other containment material. Reclaim liquid directly or in an absorbent. Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay, sand or other suitable material and dispose of properly.
-------------------------	---

Revision Date 08.07.2015

6.4 Reference to other sections

For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Chapter 8 of this Safety Data Sheet., For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Chapter 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.

SECTION 7: Handling and stora	age
General Precautions	: Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.
7.1 Precautions for safe handling	
Advice on safe handling	 Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning materials in order to prevent fires.
Product Transfer	: This material has the potential to be a static accumulator. Proper grounding and bonding procedures should be used during all bulk transfer operations.
7.2 Conditions for safe storage, in	cluding any incompatibilities
Other data	: Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place. Use properly labeled and closable containers.
Storage temperature	: -50 - 50 °C
	Refer to section 15 for any additional specific legislation covering the packaging and storage of this product.
	The storage of this product may be subject to the Control of Pollution (Oil Storage) (England) Regulations. Further guidance may be obtained from the local environmental agency office.
Packaging material	 Suitable material: For containers or container linings, use mild steel or high density polyethylene. Unsuitable material: PVC.
Container Advice	: Polyethylene containers should not be exposed to high temperatures because of possible risk of distortion.
7.3 Specific end use(s)	
Specific use(s)	: Not applicable.
5 / 18	800001000309 GB

Revision Date 08.07.2015

Print Date 10.07.2015

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measures The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include:

Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.

Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.

General Information:

Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls.

Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product.

Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation.

Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.

Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle.

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned.

Revision Date 08.07.2015

Practice good housekeeping.

Personal protective equipment

The provided information is made in consideration of the PPE directive (Council Directive 89/686/EEC) and the CEN European Committee for Standardisation (CEN) standards.

Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.

Eye protection	: If material is handled such that it could be splashed into eyes, protective eyewear is recommended. Approved to EU Standard EN166.
Hand protection	
Remarks	: Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended.
	For continuous contact we recommend gloves with breakthrough time of more than 240 minutes with preference for > 480 minutes where suitable gloves can be identified. For short-term/splash protection we recommend the same, but recognize that suitable gloves offering this level of protection may not be available and in this case a lower breakthrough time maybe acceptable so long as appropriate maintenance and replacement regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not a good predictor of glove resistance to a chemical as it is dependent on the exact composition of the glove material. Glove thickness should be typically greater than 0.35 mm depending on the glove make and model.
Skin and body protection	 Skin protection is not ordinarily required beyond standard work clothes. It is good practice to wear chemical resistant gloves.
Respiratory protection	 No respiratory protection is ordinarily required under normal conditions of use. In accordance with good industrial hygiene practices, precautions should be taken to avoid breathing of material. If engineering controls do not maintain airborne

eroShell Fluid 12		
rsion 5.0	Revision Date 08.07.2015	Print Date 10.07.2015
	concentrations to a level which is ad health, select respiratory protection of specific conditions of use and meetir Check with respiratory protective equ Where air-filtering respirators are su appropriate combination of mask and Select a filter suitable for combined p and vapours [Type A/Type P boiling meeting EN14387 and EN143.	equipment suitable for the ng relevant legislation. uipment suppliers. itable, select an d filter. particulate/organic gases
Thermal hazards	: Not applicable	
Hygiene measures	: Exposure to this product should be r reasonably practicable. Reference s Health and Safety Executive's public Essentials".	hould be made to the
Environmental exposure co	ontrols	
General advice	: Take appropriate measures to fulfill a relevant environmental protection less contamination of the environment by Chapter 6. If necessary, prevent und being discharged to waste water. Wa treated in a municipal or industrial wa before discharge to surface water. Local guidelines on emission limits for must be observed for the discharge vapour.	gislation. Avoid following advice given in dissolved material from aste water should be aste water treatment plant or volatile substances

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	: Liquid at room temperature.
Colour	: amber
Odour	: Slight hydrocarbon
Odour Threshold	: Data not available
рН	: Not applicable
pour point	: <= -60 °CMethod: Unspecified
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: > 280 °Cestimated value(s)
Flash point	: 220 °C Method: Unspecified

Version 5.0		Revision Date 08.07.2015 Print	t Date 10.07.2015
Evapora	ation rate	Data not available	
Flamma	bility (solid, gas)	Data not available	
Upper e	explosion limit	Typical 10 %(V)	
Lower e	xplosion limit	Typical 1 %(V)	
Vapour	pressure	< 0.5 Pa (20 °C) estimated value(s)	
Relative	vapour density	> 1estimated value(s)	
Relative	density	0.920 (15 °C)	
Density		920 kg/m3 (15.0 °C) Method: Unspecified	
Solubilit	y(ies)		
Water s	olubility	negligible	
Solubilit	y in other solvents	Data not available	
Partitior octanol/	n coefficient: n- Water	Pow: > 6(based on information on similar product	s)
Auto-igr	nition temperature	> 320 °C	
Viscosit	У		
Viscosit	y, dynamic	Data not available	
Viscosit	y, kinematic	8.2 mm2/s (54.4 °C) Method: Unspecified	
		11.000 mm2/s (-53.9 °C) Method: Unspecified	
Explosiv	ve properties	Not classified	
Oxidizin	g properties	Data not available	
9.2 Other in	formation		
Conduc	tivity	This material is not expected to be a static accum	ulator.
	position temperature	Data not available	

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable.

No hazardous reaction is expected when handled and stored according to provisions

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions	: Reacts with strong oxidising agents.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	
Conditions to avoid	: Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.
10.5 Incompatible materials	
Materials to avoid	: Strong oxidising agents.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition pr	oducts
Hazardous decomposition products	: Hazardous decomposition products are not expected to form during normal storage.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Basis for assessment	 Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).
Information on likely routes of exposure	: Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.
Acute toxicity	
Product:	
Acute oral toxicity	: LD50 rat: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity:
Acute inhalation toxicity	: Remarks: Not considered to be an inhalation hazard under normal conditions of use.
Acute dermal toxicity	: LD50 Rabbit: > 5,000 mg/kg
40/40	000001000

Revision Date 08.07.2015

Print Date 10.07.2015

Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity:

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Remarks: For respiratory and skin sensitisation:, Not expected to be a sensitiser.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

: Remarks: Not considered a mutagenic hazard.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be carcinogenic.

:

Material	GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification
Barium alkaryl sulphonate	No carcinogenicity classification.
Butylated hydroxytoluene	No carcinogenicity classification.
Triazole derivative	No carcinogenicity classification.

Reproductive toxicity

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to impair fertility., Not expected to be a developmental toxicant.

Revision Date 08.07.2015

Print Date 10.07.2015

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Not considered an aspiration hazard.

Further information

Product:

Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

Remarks: Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory frameworks may exist.

Summary on evaluation of the Germ cell mutagenicity- Assessment	 CMR properties This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B. 	
Carcinogenicity - Assessment	: This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.	
Reproductive toxicity - Assessment	: This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.	

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Basis for assessment	 Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components 	
12/18	800001000309 GB	

AeroShell Fluid 12			
Version 5.0		Revision Date 08.07.2015	Print Date 10.07.2015
Broductu		and the ecotoxicology of similar products Unless indicated otherwise, the data pre- representative of the product as a whole individual component(s).(LL/EL/IL50 exp nominal amount of product required to pr extract).	sented is , rather than for ressed as the
Product:			
Toxicity to fish (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Expected to be harmful: LL/EL/IL50 10-100 mg/I	
Toxicity to crustacean (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Expected to be harmful: LL/EL/IL50 10-100 mg/l	
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Expected to be harmful: LL/EL/IL50 10-100 mg/l	
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)	:	Remarks: Data not available	
Toxicity to crustacean (Chronic toxicity)	:	Remarks: Data not available	
Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Data not available	
<u>Components:</u> Butylated hydroxytoluene :			
M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity)	:	1	
12.2 Persistence and degradability			
Product:			
Biodegradability	:	Remarks: Expected to be not readily bio constituents are expected to be inherent contains components that may persist in	ly biodegradable, but
12.3 Bioaccumulative potential			
Product:			
Bioaccumulation	:	Remarks: Contains components with the bioaccumulate.	potential to
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Pow: > 6Remarks: (based on information	n on similar products)
12.4 Mobility in soil			
Product:			
Mobility	:	Remarks: Liquid under most environmen enters soil, it will adsorb to soil particles mobile.	

Version 5.0	Revision Date 08.07.2015	Print Date 10.07.2015
	Remarks: Floats on water.	
12.5 Results of PBT and vPvE	3 assessment	
Product:		
Assessment	: This mixture does not contain any R substances that are assessed to be	
12.6 Other adverse effects		
Product:		
Additional ecological information	 Product is a mixture of non-volatile of expected to be released to air in any Not expected to have ozone depletion photochemical ozone creation poten potential. Poorly soluble mixture., May cause p organisms. 	v significant quantities., on potential, itial or global warming

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

	Product	gro	aste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or bund water, or be disposed of into the environment. aste, spills or used product is dangerous waste.
		nati Loc	sposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, tional, and local laws and regulations. cal regulations may be more stringent than regional or tional requirements and must be complied with.
	Contaminated packaging	to a the Dis	spose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably a recognized collector or contractor. The competence of e collector or contractor should be established beforehand. sposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, tional, and local laws and regulations.
	Local legislation Waste catalogue	: EU	V Waste Disposal Code (EWC):
	Waste Code	: 13	02 06*
	Remarks	: Cla use	assification of waste is always the responsibility of the end er.
		Haz	zardous Waste (England and Wales) Regulations 2005.
1/	18		800001000309 GB

Revision Date 08.07.2015

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number	
ADR	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
RID	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
ΙΑΤΑ	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
14.2 Proper shipping name	
ADR	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
RID	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
ΙΑΤΑ	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
14.3 Transport hazard class	
ADR	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
RID	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
ΙΑΤΑ	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
14.4 Packing group	
ADR	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
RID	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
ΙΑΤΑ	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
14.5 Environmental hazards	
ADR	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
RID	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
14.6 Special precautions for use	r
Remarks	: Special Precautions: Refer to Chapter 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.
14.7 Transport in bulk according	to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Pollution category	: Not applicable
Ship type	: Not applicable
Product name	: Not applicable
Special precautions	: Not applicable
Additional Information	: MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1	Safety,	health	and	enviro	nmenta	reau	ulations	/leai	slation	specif	ic fo	or the	e sub	ostance	e or	mixt	ure

REACH - List of substances subject to authorisation	: Product is not subject to
(Annex XIV)	Authorisation under REACH.

Version 5.0 Revision Date 08.07.2015 Print Date 10.07.2015 Volatile organic compounds : 0% Other regulations : Environmental Protection Act 1990 (as amended). Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974. Consumers Protection Act 1987. Pollution Prevention and Control Act 1999. Environment Act 1995. Factories Act 1961. The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment (Amendment) Regulations 2011. Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009. Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (as amended). Merchant Shipping (Dangerous Goods and Marine Pollutants) Regulations 1997. Reporting of Injuries, Diseases and Dangerous Occurrences Regulations 1995 (as amended). Personal Protective Equipment Regulations 2002. Personal Protective Equipment at Work Regulations 1992. Hazardous Waste (England and Wales) Regulations 2005(as amended). Control of Major Accident Hazards Regulations 1999 (as amended). Renewable Transport Fuel Obligations Order 2007 (as amended). Energy Act 2011. Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2010 (as amended). Waste (England and Wales) Regulations 2011 (as amended). Planning (Hazardous Substances) Act 1990 and associated regulations. The Environmental Protection (Controls on Ozone-Depleting Substances) Regulations 2011. The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

EINECS	All components listed or polym	er exempt.
TSCA	All components listed.	

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture by the supplier.

SECTION 16: Other information

REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008	Classification procedure:
Chronic aquatic toxicity, Category 3,	Expert judgement and weight of evidence
H412	determination.

Full text of H-Statements

H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.

AeroShell Fluid 1	2	
Version 5.0	Revision Date 08.07.2015	Print Date 10.07.2015
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting ef	fects.
Full text of other ab	breviations	
Acute Tox. Aquatic Acute Aquatic Chronic Skin Corr. Skin Irrit. Skin Sens. Abbreviations and Ac	Acute toxicity Acute aquatic toxicity Skin corrosion Skin irritation Skin sensitisation cronyms : The standard abbreviations and a document can be looked up in ref- scientific dictionaries) and/or webs ACGIH = American Conference of Hygienists ADR = European Agreement cond Carriage of Dangerous Goods by AICS = Australian Inventory of Ch ASTM = American Society for Tes BEL = Biological exposure limits BTEX = Benzene, Toluene, Ethyl CAS = Chemical Abstracts Servic CEFIC = European Chemical Indu CLP = Classification Packaging at COC = Cleveland Open-Cup DIN = Deutsches Institut fur Norm DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Lu DNEL = Derived Monestic Substan EC = European Commission EC50 = Effective Concentration fit ECETOC = European Chemicals Age EINECS = The European Inventor Chemical Substances EL50 = Effective Loading fifty ENCS = Japanese Existing and N Inventory EWC = European Waste Code GHS = Globally Harmonised Syst Labelling of Chemicals IARC = International Agency for Fi IATA = Int	rerence literature (e.g. sites. of Governmental Industrial cerning the International Road hemical Substances sting and Materials lbenzene, Xylenes ce ustry Council nd Labelling hung evel hce List fty Ecotoxicology and ency ry of Existing Commercial lew Chemical Substances term of Classification and Research on Cancer t Association fty angerous Goods Dry est method N° 346 for the tics DMSO-extractables a Inventory

Version 5.0	Revision Date 08.07.2015	Print Date 10.07.2015
	LL/EL/IL = Lethal Loading/Effective LL50 = Lethal Loading fifty MARPOL = International Convention Pollution From Ships NOEC/NOEL = No Observed Effect Observed Effect Level OE_HPV = Occupational Exposure PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative a PICCS = Philippine Inventory of Che Substances PNEC = Predicted No Effect Conce REACH = Registration Evaluation A Chemicals RID = Regulations Relating to Intern Dangerous Goods by Rail SKIN_DES = Skin Designation STEL = Short term exposure limit TRA = Targeted Risk Assessment TSCA = US Toxic Substances Cont TWA = Time-Weighted Average vPvB = very Persistent and very Bic	Loading/Inhibitory loading n for the Prevention of Concentration / No - High Production Volume and Toxic emicals and Chemical ntration and Authorisation Of national Carriage of

Other information

: A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.