

MOLYKOTE(R) P-37 ANTISEIZE PASTE

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 05.10.2015

 1.7
 06.10.2015
 836359-00008
 Date of first issue: 26.11.2014

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : MOLYKOTE(R) P-37 ANTISEIZE PASTE

Product code : 00000000002322374, 00000000002322374

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Sub- : Lubricants and lubricant additives

stance/Mixture

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : Dow Corning Europe S.A.

rue Jules Bordet - Parc Industriel - Zone C

B-7180 Seneffe

Telephone : English Tel: +49 611237507

Deutsch Tel: +49 611237500 Français Tel: +32 64511149 Italiano Tel: +32 64511170 Español Tel: +32 64511163

E-mail address of person responsible for the SDS

: sdseu@dowcorning.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Dow Corning (Barry U.K. 24h) Tél: +44 1446732350 Dow Corning (Wiesbaden 24h) Tél: +49 61122158 Dow Corning (Seneffe 24h) Tel: +32 64 888240

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Serious eye damage, Category 1 H318: Causes serious eye damage.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms

TZ)

Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H318 Causes serious eye damage.

Precautionary statements : **Prevention:**

P280 Wear eye protection/ face protection.



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Response:

P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously

with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label: Calcium hydroxide

2.3 Other hazards

None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Chemical nature : Inorganic and organic compounds

Mixture

Hazardous components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No. Registration number	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
White mineral oil (petroleum)	8042-47-5 232-455-8 01-2119487078-27	Asp. Tox. 1; H304	>= 30 - < 50
Calcium hydroxide	1305-62-0 215-137-3	Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Dam. 1; H318 STOT SE 3; H335	>= 10 - < 20

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical ad-

vice immediately.

When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical

advice.

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection,

and use the recommended personal protective equipment

when the potential for exposure exists.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.

Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

In case of skin contact : Wash with water and soap as a precaution.

Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

In case of eye contact : In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water

for at least 15 minutes.



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If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.

Get medical attention immediately.

If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.

Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Risks : Causes serious eye damage.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray

Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: None known.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during fire-

fighting

: Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion prod-

ucts

: Carbon oxides Metal oxides

Silicon oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment

for firefighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use personal protective equipment.

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

SO.

Evacuate area.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions : Use personal protective equipment.

Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equip-

ment recommendations.

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6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Soak up with inert absorbent material.

For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absor-

bent.

Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to deter-

mine which regulations are applicable.

Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding

certain local or national requirements.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See sections: 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Technical measures : See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE

CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation : Use only with adequate ventilation.

Advice on safe handling : Do not swallow.

Do not get in eyes.

Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety

practice.

Keep container tightly closed.

Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.

Hygiene measures : Ensure that eye flushing systems and safety showers are

located close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers

: Keep in properly labelled containers. Keep tightly closed. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Advice on common storage : Do not store with the following product types:

Strong oxidizing agents



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7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) : These precautions are for room temperature handling. Use at

elevated temperature or aerosol/spray applications may re-

quire added precautions.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
Graphite	7782-42-5	TWA (inhalable dust)	10 mg/m3	GB EH40
Further information	For the purposes of these limits, respirable dust and inhalable dust are those fractions of airborne dust which will be collected when sampling is undertaken in accordance with the methods described in MDHS14/3 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis of respirable and inhalable dust, The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limit., Most industrial dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, deposition and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respiratory system and the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the particle. HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting purposes termed 'inhalable' and 'respirable'., Inhalable dust approximates to the fraction of airborne material that enters the nose and mouth during breathing and is therefore available for deposition in the respiratory tract. Respirable dust approximates to the fraction that penetrates to the gas exchange region of the lung. Fuller definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS14/3., Where dusts contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits should be complied with., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure should be used			
		TWA (Respirable dust)	4 mg/m3	GB EH40
Further information	fractions of air in accordance sampling and COSHH defin kind when pre 8-hour TWA of This means the above these to posure to the contain particulation of any particulation body responser HSE distinguistics.	rborne dust which with the methods do gravimetric analysis ition of a substance esent at a concentrat of inhalable dust or 4 hat any dust will be sevels. Some dusts here must comply with les of a wide range colar particle after entry e that it elicits, dependent of the color of	espirable dust and inhalable II be collected when sampling escribed in MDHS14/3 Generof respirable and inhalable of hazardous to health includes ion in air equal to or greater mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of respubject to COSHH if people a lave been assigned specific was the appropriate limit., Most in it sizes. The behaviour, depoy into the human respiratory and on the nature and size of the sporoximates to the fractions.	g is undertaken ral methods for dust, The s dust of any than 10 mg.m-3 irable dust. re exposed VELs and exndustrial dusts sistion and fate system and the the particle. termed 'inhala-



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	definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS14/3., Where dusts			
	contain comp	onents that have the	ir own assigned WEL, all the	relevant limits
	should be con	nplied with., Where	no specific short-term exposu	ure limit is listed.
			exposure should be used	,
Calcium hydroxide	1305-62-0	TWA	5 mg/m3	91/322/EEC
Further information	dicative	unic data on nealth e	effects appear to be particula	iry iiriitea, iri-
		TWA	5 mg/m3	GB EH40
Further information	Where no spe	cific short-term expo	osure limit is listed, a figure the	nree times the
	•	osure should be use		
Zirconium oxide	1314-23-4	TWA	5 mg/m3	GB EH40
Zircomani oxide	1014 20 4	1 4 4 7 4		OD LITTO
		OTEL	(Zirconium)	OD 51140
		STEL	10 mg/m3	GB EH40
			(Zirconium)	
Silicon dioxide	7631-86-9	TWA (inhalable dust)	6 mg/m3 (Silica)	GB EH40
Further information	For the nume			dust are these
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		TWA (Respirable dust)	2.4 mg/m3 (Silica)	GB EH40
Further information	For the purposes of these limits, respirable dust and inhalable dust are those fractions of airborne dust which will be collected when sampling is undertaken in accordance with the methods described in MDHS14/3 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis of respirable and inhalable dust, The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limit., Most industrial dusts			



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Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	End Use	Exposure routes	Potential health effects	Value
Graphite	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects	0.3 mg/m3
	Consumers	Ingestion	Long-term systemic effects	813 mg/kg bw/day
	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term local ef- fects	1.2 mg/m3
Calcium hydroxide	Workers	Inhalation	Acute local effects	4 mg/m3
	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects	1 mg/m3
	Consumers	Inhalation	Acute local effects	4 mg/m3
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term local ef- fects	1 mg/m3

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	Environmental Compartment	Value
Calcium hydroxide	Fresh water	0.49 mg/l
	Marine water	0.32 mg/l
	Intermittent use/release	0.49 mg/l
	Sewage treatment plant	3 mg/l
	Soil	1080 mg/kg

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measures

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Minimize workplace exposure concentrations.

Personal protective equipment

Eye protection : Wear the following personal protective equipment:

Chemical resistant goggles must be worn. If splashes are likely to occur, wear:

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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Face-shield

Hand protection

Material : Impervious gloves

Remarks : Choose gloves to protect hands against chemicals depending

on the concentration and quantity of the hazardous substance and specific to place of work. Breakthrough time is not determined for the product. Change gloves often! For special applications, we recommend clarifying the resistance to chemicals of the aforementioned protective gloves with the glove manufacturer. Wash hands before breaks and at the

end of workday.

Skin and body protection : Select appropriate protective clothing based on chemical re-

sistance data and an assessment of the local exposure poten-

tial.

Skin contact must be avoided by using impervious protective

clothing (gloves, aprons, boots, etc).

Respiratory protection : Use respiratory protection unless adequate local exhaust ven-

tilation is provided or exposure assessment demonstrates that exposures are within recommended exposure guidelines.

Filter type : Combined particulates and organic vapour type (A-P)

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance : paste

Colour : grey

Odour : none

Odour Threshold : No data available

pH : Not applicable

Melting point/freezing point : No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

: Not applicable

Flash point : > 170 °C

Method: closed cup

Evaporation rate : Not applicable

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not classified as a flammability hazard

Upper explosion limit : No data available

Lower explosion limit : No data available



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Vapour pressure : Not applicable

Relative vapour density : No data available

Relative density : 1.21

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: No data available

Auto-ignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic : Not applicable

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

9.2 Other information

Molecular weight : No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

When heated to temperatures above 150 °C (300 °F) in the presence of air, trace quantities of formaldehyde may be re-

leased.

Adequate ventilation is required.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : None known.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Oxidizing agents

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Information on likely routes of : Skin contact

exposure

Skin contact Ingestion

Eye contact

Acute toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

White mineral oil (petroleum):

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Calcium hydroxide:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 425

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox-

icity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,500 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Product:

Species: Rabbit

Result: No skin irritation

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Components:

White mineral oil (petroleum):

Species: Rabbit Result: No skin irritation

Calcium hydroxide:

Species: Rabbit

Method: OECD Test Guideline 404

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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Result: Skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Components:

White mineral oil (petroleum):

Species: Rabbit

Result: No eye irritation

Calcium hydroxide:

Species: Rabbit

Method: OECD Test Guideline 405 Result: Irreversible effects on the eye

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation: Not classified based on available information. Respiratory sensitisation: Not classified based on available information.

Components:

White mineral oil (petroleum):

Test Type: Buehler Test Exposure routes: Skin contact

Species: Guinea pig Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

White mineral oil (petroleum):

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Calcium hydroxide:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

White mineral oil (petroleum):

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Exposure time: 24 Months

Result: negative

Calcium hydroxide:

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Exposure time: 104 weeks

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

White mineral oil (petroleum):

Effects on fertility : Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Skin contact

Result: negative

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

: Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Calcium hydroxide:

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

STOT - single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Calcium hydroxide:

Assessment: May cause respiratory irritation.

Remarks: The substance is inextricably bound in the product and therefore does not contribute

to a dust inhalation hazard.

STOT - repeated exposure

Not classified based on available information.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

White mineral oil (petroleum):

Species: Rat

LOAEL: > 160 mg/kg Application Route: Ingestion

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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Exposure time: 90 Days

Species: Rat LOAEL: >= 1 mg/l

Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Exposure time: 4 Weeks

Method: OECD Test Guideline 412

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

White mineral oil (petroleum):

The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Components:

White mineral oil (petroleum):

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates

: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae : NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 100

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

: NOEC: 1,000 mg/l Exposure time: 28 d

Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)

: NOEC: 1,000 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Calcium hydroxide:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Gasterosteus aculeatus (threespine stickleback)): 457

mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates

: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 49.1 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae : EC10 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 79.22



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mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 184.57

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to bacteria : EC50 : 300.4 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

: NOEC: 32 mg/l Exposure time: 14 d

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Components:

White mineral oil (petroleum):

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 31 % Exposure time: 28 d

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Not relevant

12.6 Other adverse effects

No data available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

According to the European Waste Catalogue, Waste Codes

are not product specific, but application specific.

Waste codes should be assigned by the user, preferably in

discussion with the waste disposal authorities.

Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste han-

dling site for recycling or disposal.

If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14: Transport information

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14.1 UN number

Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.2 UN proper shipping name

Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.4 Packing group

Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.5 Environmental hazards

Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.6 Special precautions for user

Not applicable

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Remarks : Not applicable for product as supplied.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

: Not applicable

: Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and the Council concerning the export and import

of dangerous chemicals

REACH - Candidate List of Substances of Very High

Concern for Authorisation (Article 59).

Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that de: Not applicable

plete the ozone layer

Regulation (EC) No 850/2004 on persistent organic pol- : Not applicable

lutants

Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances.

Quantity 1 Quantity 2
34 Petroleum products: (a) 2,500 t 25,000 t

gasolines and naphthas, (b) kerosenes (including jet fuels), (c) gas oils (including diesel fuels, home heating oils and gas oil blending streams),(d) heavy fuel oils (e) alternative fuels serving the same purposes and with similar properties as regards flammability and environmental hazards as the products referred to in

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points (a) to (d)

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

NZIoC : All ingredients listed or exempt.

REACH : All ingredients (pre-)registered or exempt.

TSCA : All chemical substances in this material are included on or

exempted from listing on the TSCA Inventory of Chemical

Substances.

IECSC : All ingredients listed or exempt.

ENCS/ISHL : All components are listed on ENCS/ISHL or exempted from

inventory listing.

KECI : All ingredients listed, exempt or notified.

DSL : All chemical substances in this product comply with the CEPA

1999 and NSNR and are on or exempt from listing on the Ca-

nadian Domestic Substances List (DSL).

AICS : Consult your local Dow Corning office.

PICCS : Consult your local Dow Corning office.

TCSI : All ingredients listed or exempt.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-Statements

H304 : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 : Causes skin irritation.

H318 : Causes serious eye damage. H335 : May cause respiratory irritation.

Full text of other abbreviations

Asp. Tox. : Aspiration hazard Eye Dam. : Serious eye damage

Skin Irrit. : Skin irritation

STOT SE : Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

91/322/EEC : Europe. Commission Directive 91/322/EEC on establishing

indicative limit values

GB EH40 : UK. EH40 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limits

91/322/EEC / TWA : Limit Value - eight hours

GB EH40 / TWA : Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA reference period)
GB EH40 / STEL : Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period)

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous



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Goods by Road; AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx -Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx -Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk: IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China: IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods: IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TRGS - Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Further information

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet

: Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agen-

cy, http://echa.europa.eu/

Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

GB / EN

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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