

Loctite 408

Safety Data Sheet according to (EC) No 1907/2006

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SDS No.: 153531

V003.2 Revision: 28.05.2015

printing date: 05.04.2016

Replaces version from: 22.11.2013

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Loctite 408

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use:

Adhesive

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Henkel Ltd Wood Lane End

wood Lane End

HP2 4RQ Hemel Hempstead

Great Britain

Phone: +44 1442 278000 Fax-no.: +44 1442 278071

ua-productsafety.uk@uk.henkel.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

24 Hours Emergency Tel: +44 (0)1442 278497

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (CLP):

The substance or mixture is not hazardous according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP).

2.2. Label elements

Label elements (CLP):

The substance or mixture is not hazardous according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP).

Supplemental information EUH210 Safety data sheet available on request.

EUH202 Cyanoacrylate. Danger. Bonds skin and eyes in seconds. Keep out of the reach of

children.

2.3. Other hazards

None if used properly.

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

General chemical description:

Cyanoacrylate Adhesive

Declaration of the ingredients according to CLP (EC) No 1272/2008:

Hazardous components	EC Number	content	Classification
CAS-No.	REACH-Reg No.		
Bis(2-hydroxy-3-tert-butyl-5-	204-327-1	0,1- 1 %	Repr. 2
methylphenyl)methane	01-2119496065-33		H361
119-47-1			Aquatic Chronic 4
			H413
Hydroquinone	204-617-8	< 0,1 %	Aquatic Acute 1
123-31-9	01-2119524016-51		H400
			Aquatic Chronic 1
			H410
			Carc. 2
			H351
			Muta. 2
			H341
			Acute Tox. 4; Oral
			H302
			Eye Dam. 1
			H318
			Skin Sens. 1
			H317
			M factor: 10

For full text of the H - statements and other abbreviations see section 16 "Other information". Substances without classification may have community workplace exposure limits available.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation:

Move to fresh air, consult doctor if complaint persists.

Skin contact:

Do not pull bonded skin apart. It may be gently peeled apart using a blunt object such as a spoon, preferably after soaking in warm soapy water.

Cyanoacrylates give off heat on solidification. In rare cases a large drop will generate enough heat to cause a burn.

Burns should be treated normally after the adhesive has been removed from the skin.

If lips are accidentally stuck together apply warm water to the lips and encourage maximum wetting and pressure from saliva inside the mouth.

Peel or roll lips apart. Do not try to pull the lips apart with direct opposing action.

Eye contact:

If the eye is bonded closed, release eyelashes with warm water by covering with wet pad.

Cyanoacrylate will bond to eye protein and will cause periods of weeping which will help to debond the adhesive.

Keep eye covered until debonding is complete, usually within 1-3 days.

Do not force eye open. Medical advice should be sought in case solid particles of cyanoacrylate trapped behind the eyelid cause any abrasive damage.

Ingestion:

Ensure that breathing passages are not obstructed. The product will polymerise immediately in the mouth making it almost impossible to swallow. Saliva will slowly separate the solidified product from the mouth (several hours).

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Prolonged or repeated contact may cause skin irritation.

Prolonged or repeated contact may cause eye irritation.

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4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

See section: Description of first aid measures

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:

Foam, extinguishing powder, carbon dioxide.

Fine water spray

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:

High pressure waterjet

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of fire, keep containers cool with water spray.

Oxides of carbon, oxides of nitrogen, irritating organic vapors.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Fire fighters should wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

Additional information:

In case of fire, keep containers cool with water spray.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Ensure adequate ventilation.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Do not use cloths for mopping up. Flood with water to complete polymerization and scrape off the floor. Cured material can be disposed of as non-hazardous waste.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See advice in section 8

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Ventilation (low level) is recommended when using large volumes

Use of dispensing equipment is recommended to minimise the risk of skin or eye contact

Avoid skin and eye contact.

See advice in section 8

Hygiene measures:

Good industrial hygiene practices should be observed.

Do not eat, drink or smoke while working.

Wash hands before work breaks and after finishing work.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

For optimum shelf life store in original containers under refrigerated conditions at 2 - 8°C (35.6 - 46.4 °F)

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Adhesive

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Valid for

Great Britain

Ingredient [Regulated substance]	ppm	mg/m ³	V 1	Short term exposure limit category / Remarks	Regulatory list
Hydroquinone		0,5	Time Weighted Average		EH40 WEL
123-31-9			(TWA):		
[HYDROQUINONE]					

Predicted No-Effect Concentration (PNEC):

Name on list	Environmental Compartment		Value				Remarks
	Compartment	periou	mg/l	ppm	mg/kg	others	
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	aqua (freshwater)					0,114 µg/L	
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	aqua (marine water)					0,0114 μg/L	
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	sediment (freshwater)					0,98 µg/kg	
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	sediment (marine water)					0,097 μg/kg	
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	aqua (intermittent releases)					0,00134 mg/L	
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	soil					0,129 μg/kg	
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	STP					0,71 mg/L	

Derived No-Effect Level (DNEL):

Name on list	Application Area			Value	Remarks	
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	Workers	Dermal	Long term exposure - systemic effects	xposure -		
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	Workers	Inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		7 mg/m3	
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	Workers	Inhalation	Long term exposure - local effects		1 mg/m3	
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	general population	Dermal	Long term exposure - systemic effects		64 mg/kg bw/day	
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	general population	Inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		1,74 mg/m3	
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	general population	Inhalation	Long term exposure - local effects		0,5 mg/m3	

Biological Exposure Indices:

None

8.2. Exposure controls:

Respiratory protection: Ensure adequate ventilation. MSDS-No.: 153531 Loctite 408 Page 5 of 10

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Hand protection:

Chemical-resistant protective gloves (EN 374).

Suitable materials for short-term contact or splashes (recommended: at least protection index 2, corresponding to > 30 minutes permeation time as per EN 374):

nitrile rubber (NBR; >= 0.4 mm thickness)

Suitable materials for longer, direct contact (recommended: protection index 6, corresponding to > 480 minutes permeation time as per EN 374):

nitrile rubber (NBR; >= 0.4 mm thickness)

This information is based on literature references and on information provided by glove manufacturers, or is derived by analogy with similar substances. Please note that in practice the working life of chemical-resistant protective gloves may be considerably shorter than the permeation time determined in accordance with EN 374 as a result of the many influencing factors (e.g. temperature). If signs of wear and tear are noticed then the gloves should be replaced.

Polyethylene or polypropylene gloves are recommended when using large volumes.

Do not use PVC, rubber or nylon gloves.

Please note that in practice the working life of chemical resistant gloves may be considerably reduced as a result of many influencing factors (e.g. temperature). Suitable risk assessment should be carried out by the end user. If signs of wear and tear are noticed then the gloves should be replaced.

Eye protection:

Wear protective glasses.

Skin protection:

Wear protective equipment.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Liquid

Colorless to light

yellow

Odor Negligible

Odour threshold No data available / Not applicable

pH Not applicable Initial boiling point $> 149 \,^{\circ}\text{C} (> 300.2 \,^{\circ}\text{F})$

Flash point 80 - 93,4 °C (176 - 200.12 °F); Tagliabue closed cup

Decomposition temperature No data available / Not applicable

Vapour pressure < 0,27 mbar Density 1,1 g/cm3

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Bulk density

No data available / Not applicable
Viscosity

No data available / Not applicable
Viscosity (kinematic)

No data available / Not applicable
Explosive properties

No data available / Not applicable
No data available / Not applicable
Polymerises in presence of water.

(Solvent: Water)

Solidification temperature No data available / Not applicable No data available / Not applicable Melting point No data available / Not applicable Flammability Auto-ignition temperature No data available / Not applicable Explosive limits No data available / Not applicable Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water No data available / Not applicable Evaporation rate No data available / Not applicable No data available / Not applicable Vapor density No data available / Not applicable Oxidising properties

9.2. Other information

No data available / Not applicable

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Rapid exothermic polymerization will occur in the presence of water, amines, alkalis and alcohols.

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10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

See section reactivity

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Stable under normal conditions of storage and use.

10.5. Incompatible materials

See section reactivity

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

None if used for intended purpose.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

General toxicological information:

The mixture is classified based on the available hazard information for the ingredients as defined in the classification criteria for mixtures for each hazard class or differentiation in Annex I to Regulation 1272/2008/EC. Relevant available health/ecological information for the substances listed under Section 3 is provided in the following.

Oral toxicity:

Cyanoacrylates are considered to have relatively low toxicity. Acute oral LD50 is >5000mg/kg (rat). It is almost impossible to swallow as it rapidly polymerises in the mouth.

Inhalative toxicity:

Prolonged exposure to high concentrations of vapours may lead to chronic effects in sensitive individuals In dry atmosphere with < 50% humidity, vapours may irritate the eyes and respiratory system

Skin irritation:

Bonds skin in seconds. Considered to be of low toxicity: acute dermal LD50 (rabbit)>2000mg/kg Due to polymerisation at the skin surface allergic reaction is unlikely to occur

Eye irritation:

Liquid product will bond eyelids. In a dry atmosphere (RH<50%) vapours may cause irritation and lachrymatory effect

Acute oral toxicity:

Hazardous components	Value	Value	Route of	Exposure	Species	Method
CAS-No.	type		application	time		
Bis(2-hydroxy-3-tert-	LD50	> 10.000 mg/kg	oral		rat	
butyl-5-						
methylphenyl)methane						
119-47-1						
Hydroquinone	LD50	367 mg/kg	oral		rat	OECD Guideline 401 (Acute
123-31-9						Oral Toxicity)

Respiratory or skin sensitization:

Hazardous components	Result	Test type	Species	Method
CAS-No.				
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	sensitising	Guinea pig maximisat ion test	guinea pig	

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Germ cell mutagenicity:

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Type of study / Route of administration	Metabolic activation / Exposure time	Species	Method
Bis(2-hydroxy-3-tert- butyl-5- methylphenyl)methane 119-47-1	negative	bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test)	with and without		OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay)
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	negative	bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test)	with and without		EU Method B.13/14 (Mutagenicity)

Reproductive toxicity:

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result / Classification	Species	Exposure time	Species	Method
Bis(2-hydroxy-3-tert-	NOAEL $P = 12,5 \text{ mg/kg}$	screening		rat	OECD Guideline 421
butyl-5-		oral: gavage			(Reproduction /
methylphenyl)methane					Developmental Toxicity
119-47-1					Screening Test)

Repeated dose toxicity

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Route of application	Exposure time / Frequency of treatment	Species	Method
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	NOAEL=>= 250 mg/kg	oral: gavage	14 days5 days/week. 12 doses	rat	OECD Guideline 407 (Repeated Dose 28-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents)
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	LOAEL=<= 500 mg/kg	oral: gavage	14 days5 days/week. 12 doses	rat	OECD Guideline 407 (Repeated Dose 28-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents)

SECTION 12: Ecological information

General ecological information:

Biological and Chemical Oxygen Demands (BOD and COD) are insignificant.

The mixture is classified based on the available hazard information for the ingredients as defined in the classification criteria for mixtures for each hazard class or differentiation in Annex I to Regulation 1272/2008/EC. Relevant available health/ecological information for the substances listed under Section 3 is provided in the following.

12.1. Toxicity

Ecotoxicity:

Do not empty into drains / surface water / ground water.

Hazardous components	Value	Value	Acute	Exposure	Species	Method
CAS-No.	type		Toxicity	time		
			Study			
Hydroquinone	LC50	0,638 mg/l	Fish	96 h	Oncorhynchus mykiss	OECD Guideline
123-31-9						203 (Fish, Acute
						Toxicity Test)
Hydroquinone	EC50	0,134 mg/l	Daphnia	48 h	Daphnia magna	OECD Guideline
123-31-9						202 (Daphnia sp.
						Acute
						Immobilisation
						Test)
Hydroquinone	EC50	0,335 mg/l	Algae	72 h	Selenastrum capricornutum	OECD Guideline
123-31-9					(new name: Pseudokirchnerella	201 (Alga, Growth
					subcapitata)	Inhibition Test)
Hydroquinone	NOEC	0,0057 mg/l	chronic	21 d	Daphnia magna	OECD 211
123-31-9			Daphnia			(Daphnia magna,
1						Reproduction Test)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and Biodegradability:

No data available.

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Hazardous components	Result	Route of	Degradability	Method
CAS-No.		application		
Bis(2-hydroxy-3-tert-butyl-5-	under test conditions no		0 %	OECD Guideline 301 F (Ready
methylphenyl)methane	biodegradation observ			Biodegradability: Manometric
119-47-1				Respirometry Test)
Hydroquinone	readily biodegradable	aerobic	75 - 81 %	EU Method C.4-E (Determination
123-31-9				of the "Ready"
				BiodegradabilityClosed Bottle
				Test)

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential / 12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility:

Cured adhesives are immobile.

Bioaccumulative potential:

No data available.

Hazardous components	LogKow	Bioconcentration	Exposure	Species	Temperature	Method
CAS-No.		factor (BCF)	time			
Bis(2-hydroxy-3-tert-butyl-5- methylphenyl)methane 119-47-1	6,24					
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	0,59					EU Method A.8 (Partition Coefficient)

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Hazardous components	PBT/vPvB
CAS-No.	
Bis(2-hydroxy-3-tert-butyl-5-	Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very
methylphenyl)methane	Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria.
119-47-1	
Hydroquinone	Not fulfilling PBT (persistent/bioaccummulative/toxic) criteria
123-31-9	

12.6. Other adverse effects

No data available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product disposal:

Cured adhesive: Dispose of as water insoluble non-toxic solid chemical in authorised landfill or incinerate under controlled

Dispose of in accordance with local and national regulations.

Contribution of this product to waste is very insignificant in comparison to article in which it is used

Disposal of uncleaned packages:

Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

Waste code

08 04 09 waste adhesives and sealants containing organic solvents and other dangerous substances. The valid EWC waste code numbers are source-related. The manufacturer is therefore unable to specify EWC waste codes for the articles or products used in the various sectors. The EWC codes listed are intended as a recommendation for users. We will be happy to advise you.

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SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number

ADR Not dangerous goods
RID Not dangerous goods
ADN Not dangerous goods
IMDG Not dangerous goods

IATA 3334

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR Not dangerous goods
RID Not dangerous goods
ADN Not dangerous goods
IMDG Not dangerous goods

IATA Aviation regulated liquid, n.o.s. (Cyanoacrylate ester)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR Not dangerous goods
RID Not dangerous goods
ADN Not dangerous goods
IMDG Not dangerous goods

IATA 9

14.4. Packaging group

ADR Not dangerous goods
RID Not dangerous goods
ADN Not dangerous goods
IMDG Not dangerous goods

IATA III

14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR not applicable
RID not applicable
ADN not applicable
IMDG not applicable
IATA not applicable

14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR not applicable RID not applicable ADN not applicable IMDG not applicable

IATA Primary packs containing less than 500ml are unregulated by this mode of transport

and may be shipped unrestricted.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

VOC content (1999/13/EC) < 3 %

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been carried out.

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SECTION 16: Other information

The labelling of the product is indicated in Section 2. The full text

of all abbreviations indicated by codes in this safety data sheet are as follows:

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H413 May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

Further information:

This information is based on our current level of knowledge and relates to the product in the state in which it is delivered. It is intended to describe our products from the point of view of safety requirements and is not intended to guarantee any particular properties.

Label elements (DPD):

The product is not subject to classification according to the calculation methods of the "General Classification Guideline for Preparations of the EC" as issued in the last version.

Additional labeling:

Cyanoacrylate. Danger. Bonds skin and eyes in seconds. Keep out of the reach of children.

Relevant changes in this safety data sheet are indicated by vertical lines at the left margin in the body of this document. Corresponding text is displayed in a different color on shadowed fields.